

INL'S TESTING & EVALUATION RESULTS: ORNL'S WIRELESS CHARGING SYSTEM FOR FOA-667

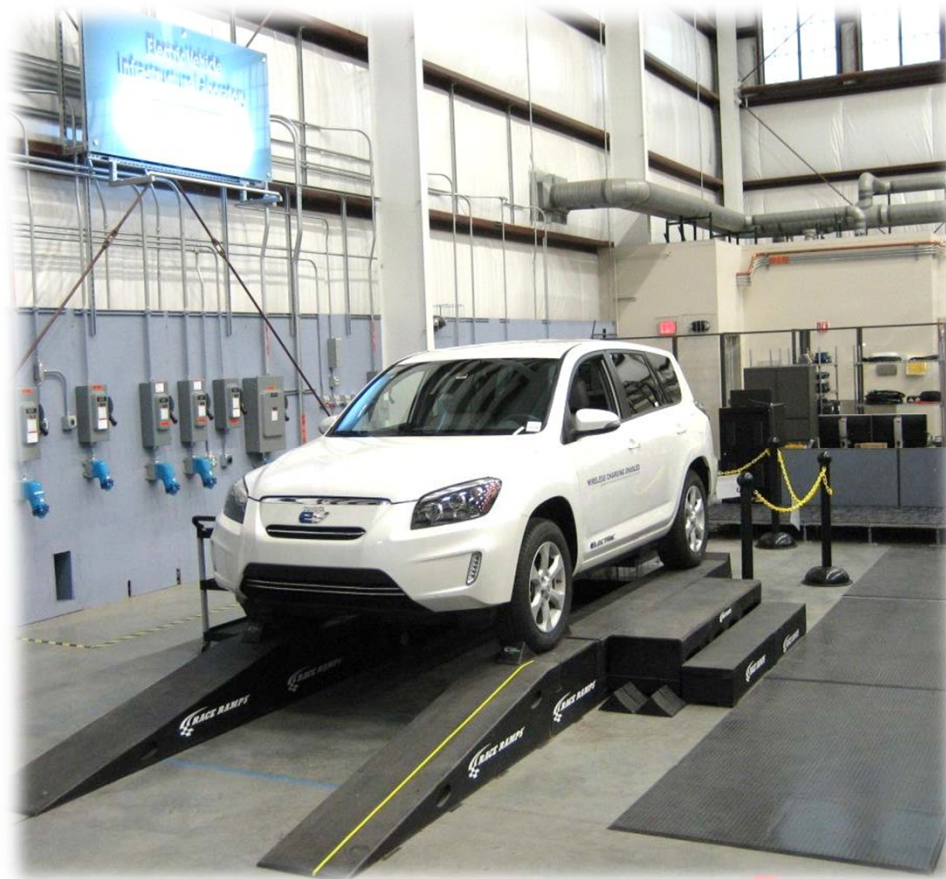
Richard "Barney" Carlson
Idaho National Laboratory



INL Scope of Testing and Evaluation

Evaluate the ORNL Wireless Charging System (FOA-667)

- Characterize the performance:
 - Charging Efficiency
 - EM-field
 - Power Quality
- Characterize impact from:
 - X and Y misalignment
 - Z gap (coil to coil gap)
 - Input voltage
 - 208 vs. 220 vs. 240 V
 - Output voltage
 - Charge Power level
 - EM-field in and around all parts of the vehicle



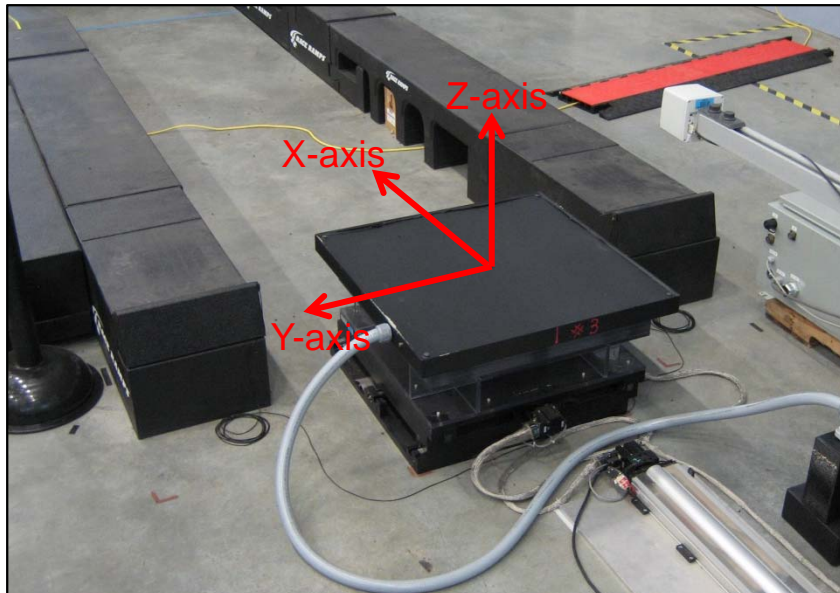
Measurement equipment

- Efficiency and Elec. Power Quality
 - Hioki 3390 Power Meter
 - 0.15% accuracy
 - 4 channels
 - Voltage
 - Current Probes
- Electro-magnetic field
 - Narda EHP-200a
 - 9 kHz – 30 MHz
- Surface Temperature
 - FLIR SC640 infrared camera connected to PC
- Custom LabVIEW host control and data acquisition



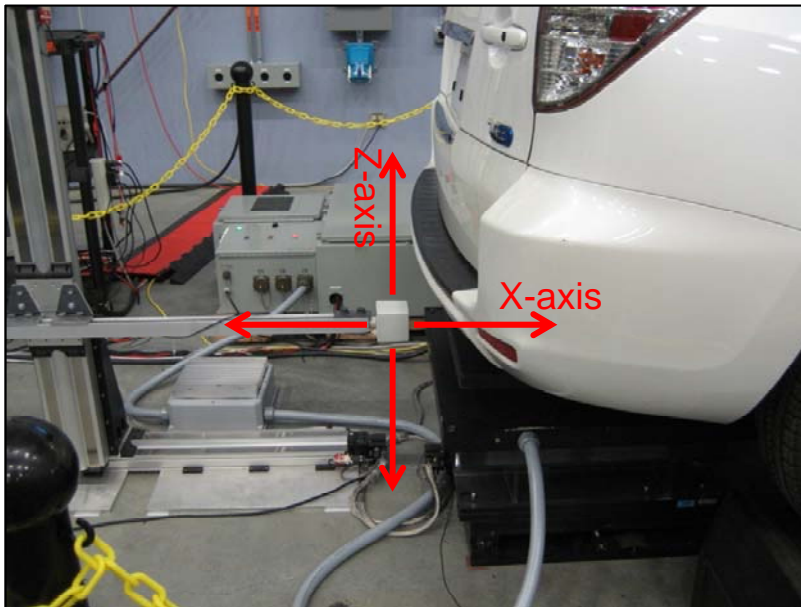
Coil positioning system

- Servo-motor driven positioning system for primary coil (ground assembly)
 - Enables accurate coil misalignment
 - Move primary coil with respect to vehicle coil
- Vehicle is stationary
 - Non-metallic vehicle ramps used to elevate vehicle to provide necessary space for the coil positioning system



Magnetic and Electric Field scan at rear bumper

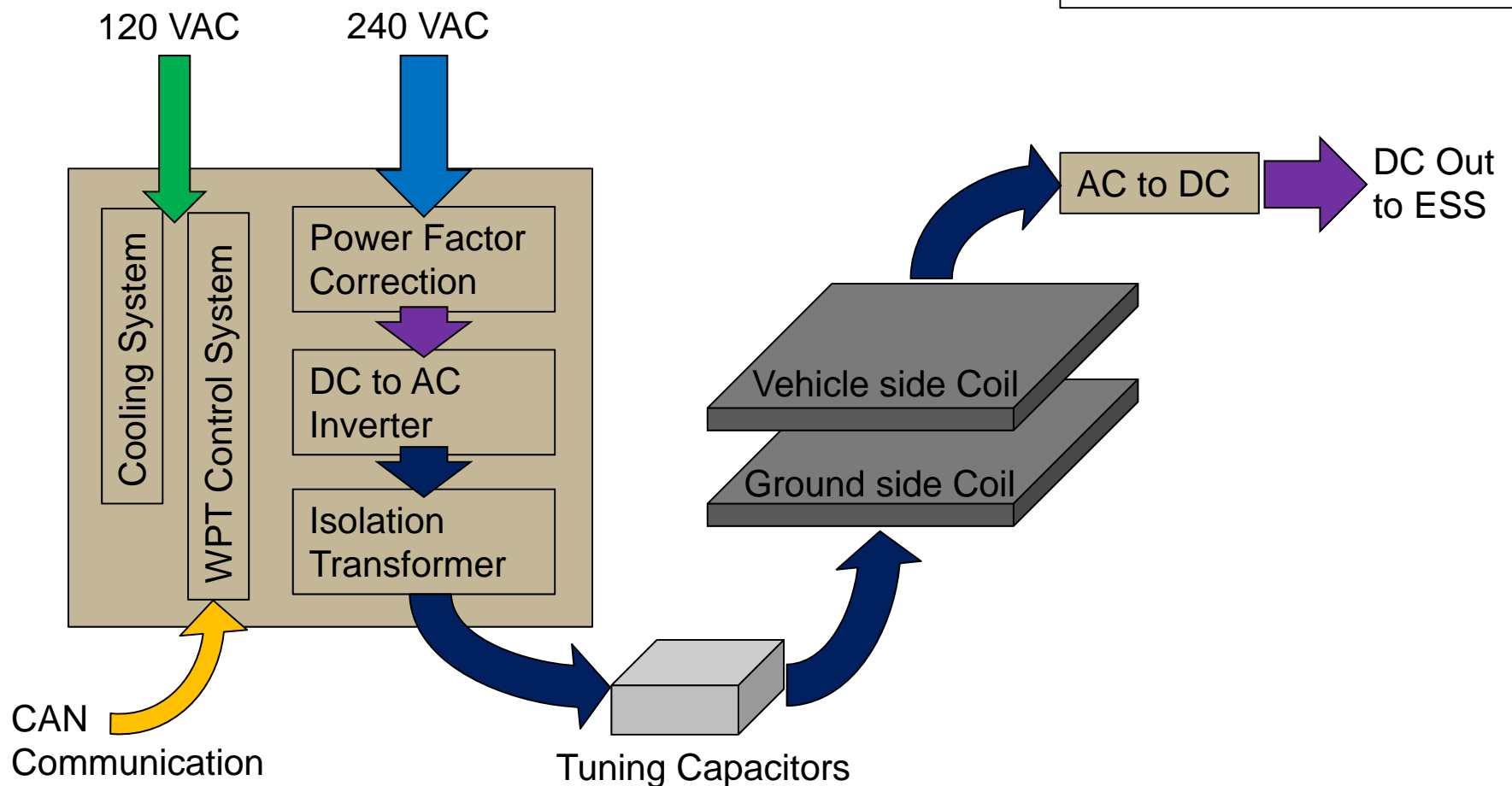
- 2-axis positioning device used to position Narda EM-field meter
 - Precise positioning
 - Quasi-static scan of region



Schematic of ORNL WPT system

- Two AC inputs (120 VAC and 240 VAC)
- One DC output (nominal 350 VDC)

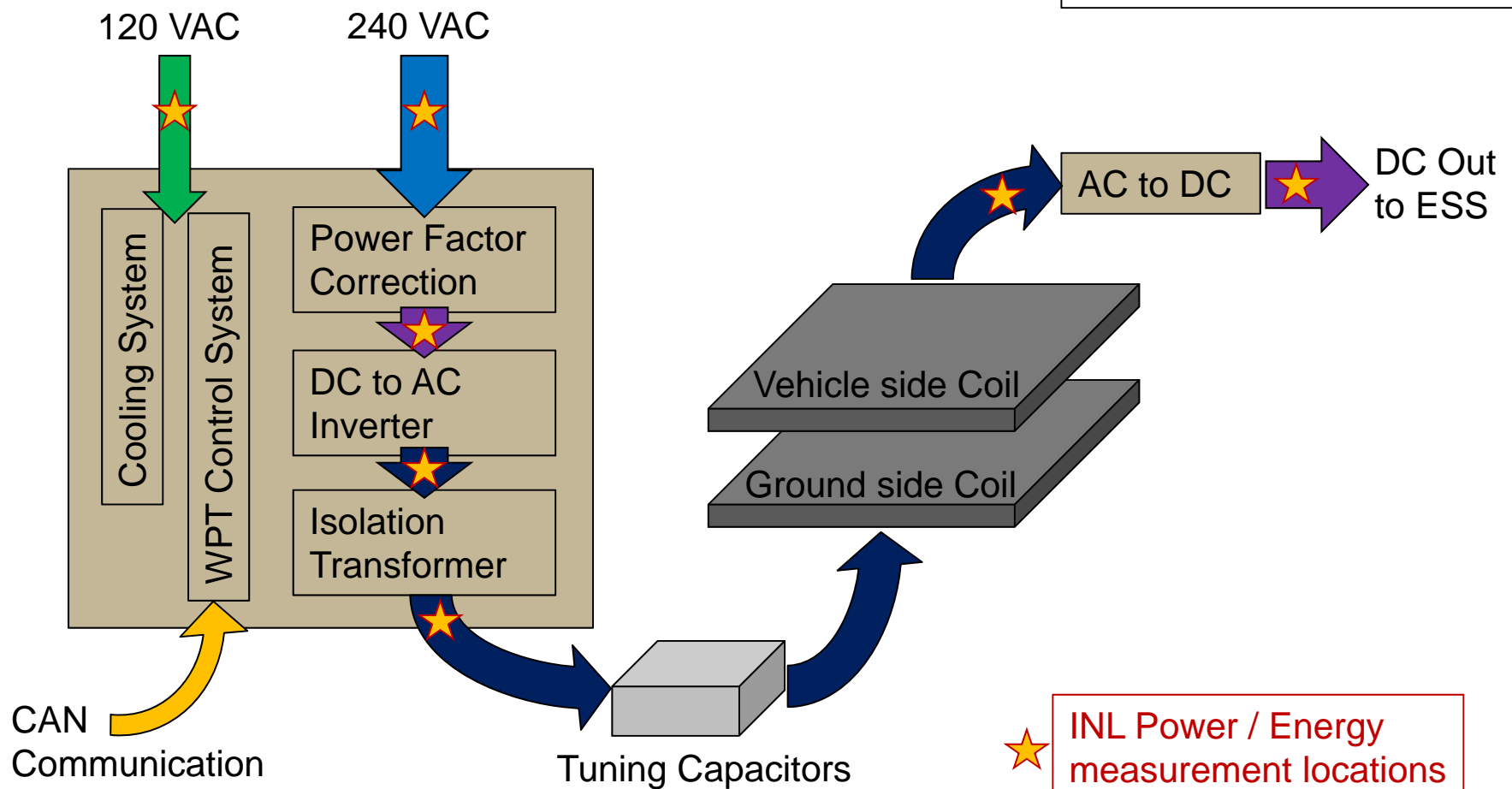
120 VAC at 60 Hz
240 VAC at 60 Hz
High Freq. AC (~25 kHz)
DC voltage



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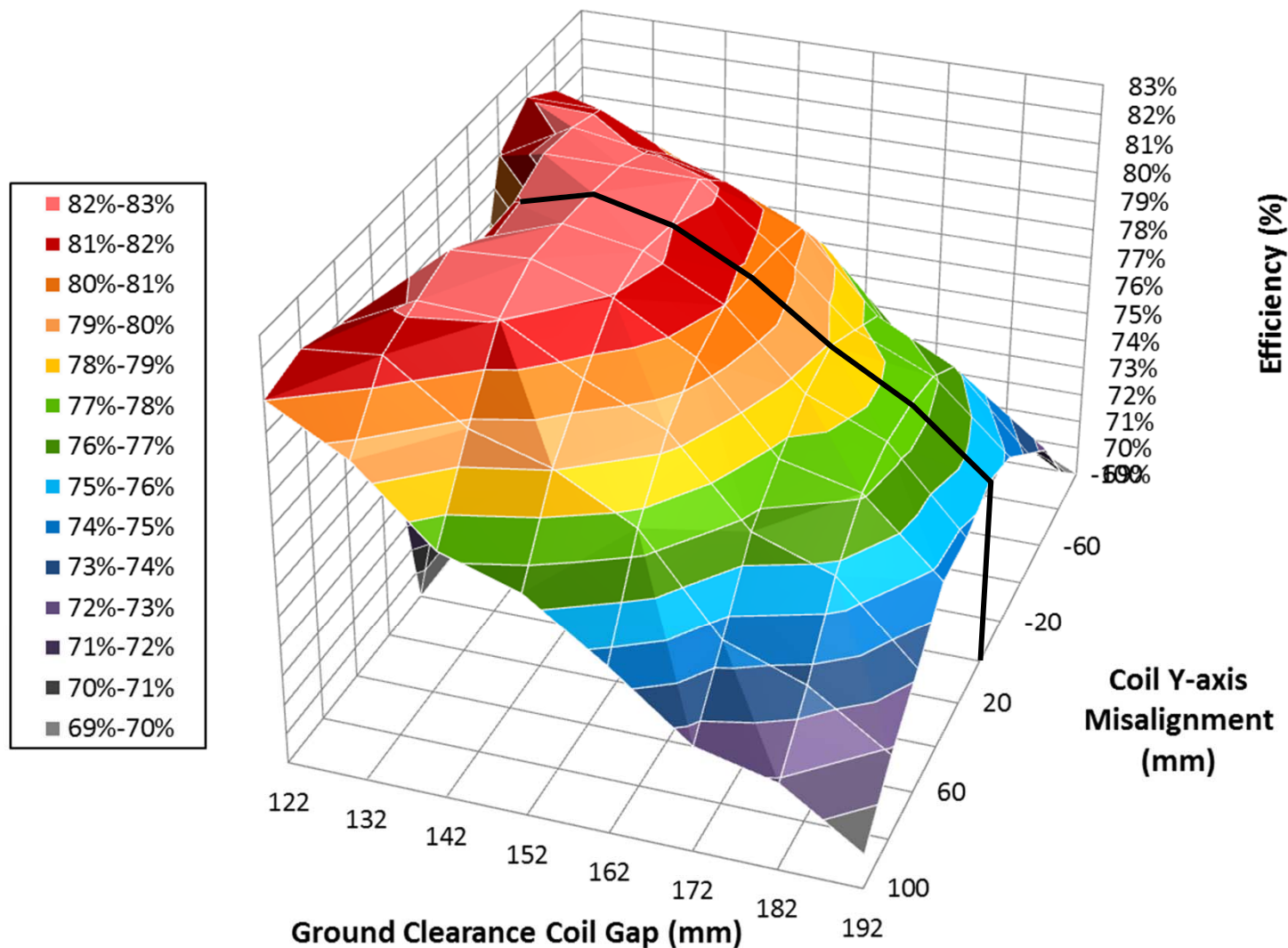
★ INL Power / Energy measurement locations

Performance Results with Coils in Alignment (0,0)

Ground Clearance	152mm
Magnetic Gap (Z)	160mm
Max. Total System Efficiency	82.2%
Max. End to End Efficiency	85.2%
Max. DC to DC Efficiency	86.4%
Max. Output Power	7.0 kW
Magnetic field at rear bumper (coils aligned)	132 A/m
Electric field at rear bumper (coils aligned)	105 V/m
Input Current Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)	60%
Input Power Factor	0.94
Operating Frequency	24.5 kHz

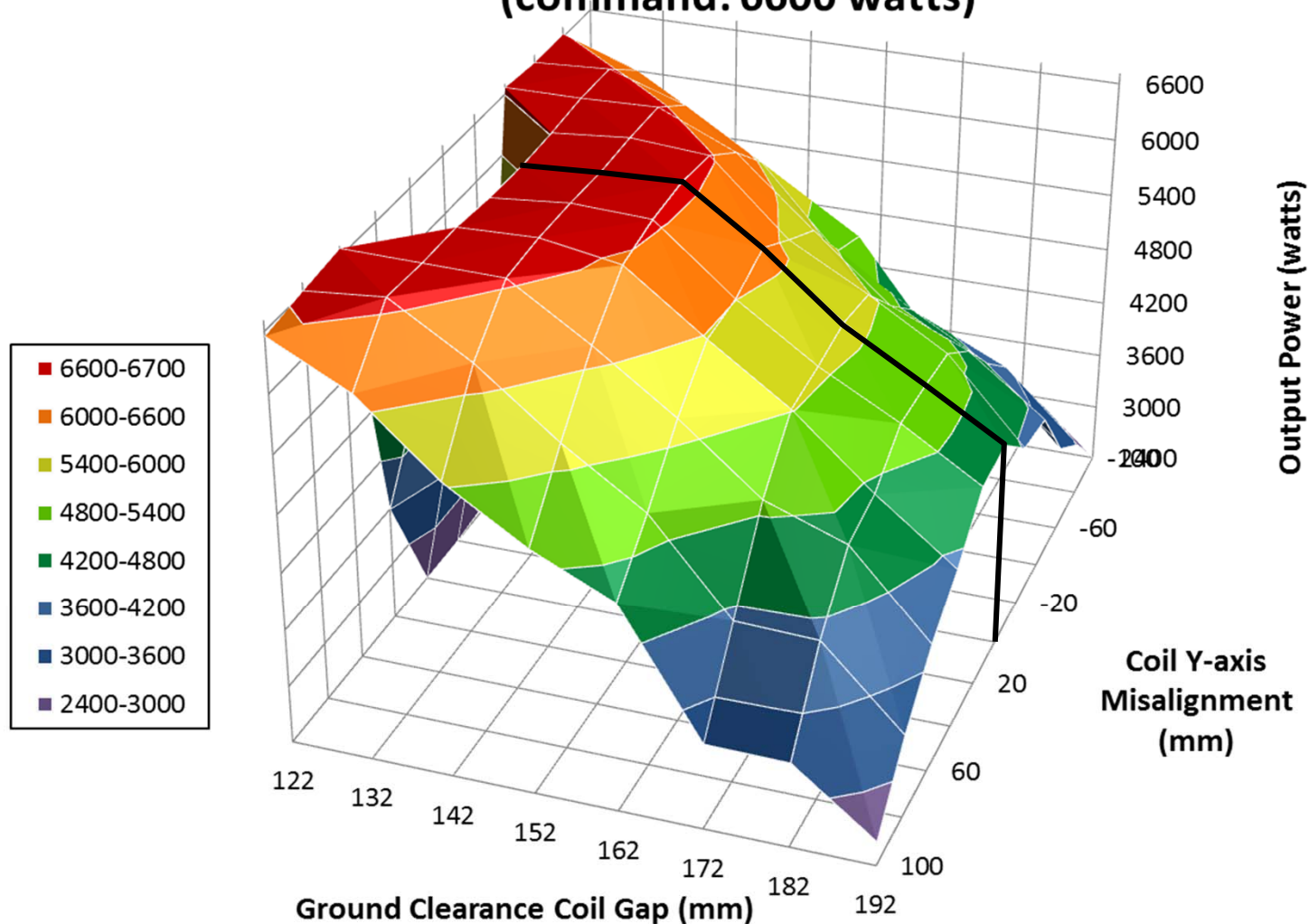
Total System Efficiency

Total System Efficiency (%) with Y-Axis Misalignment



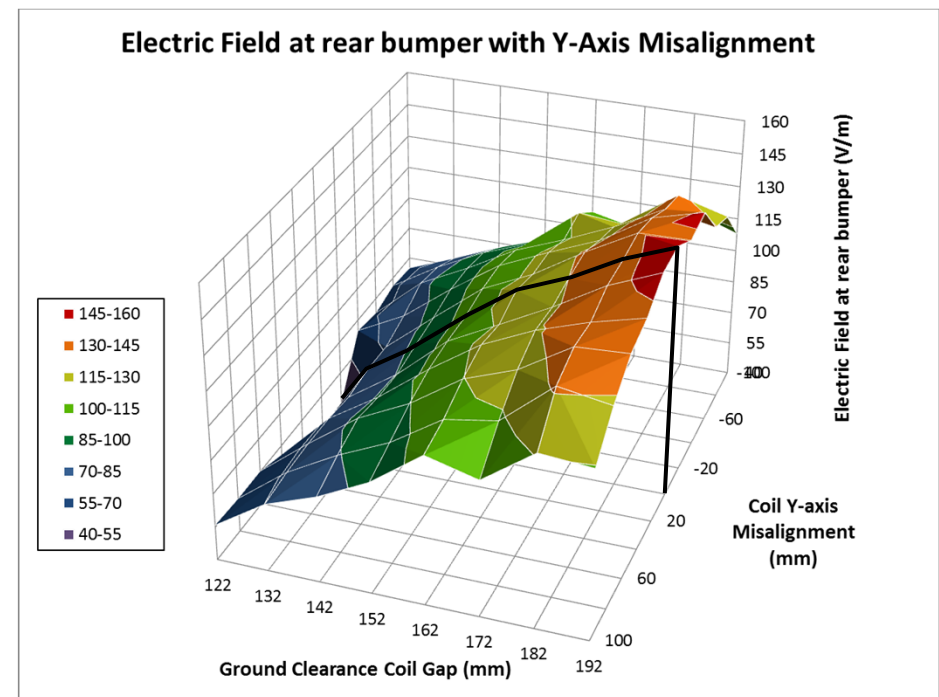
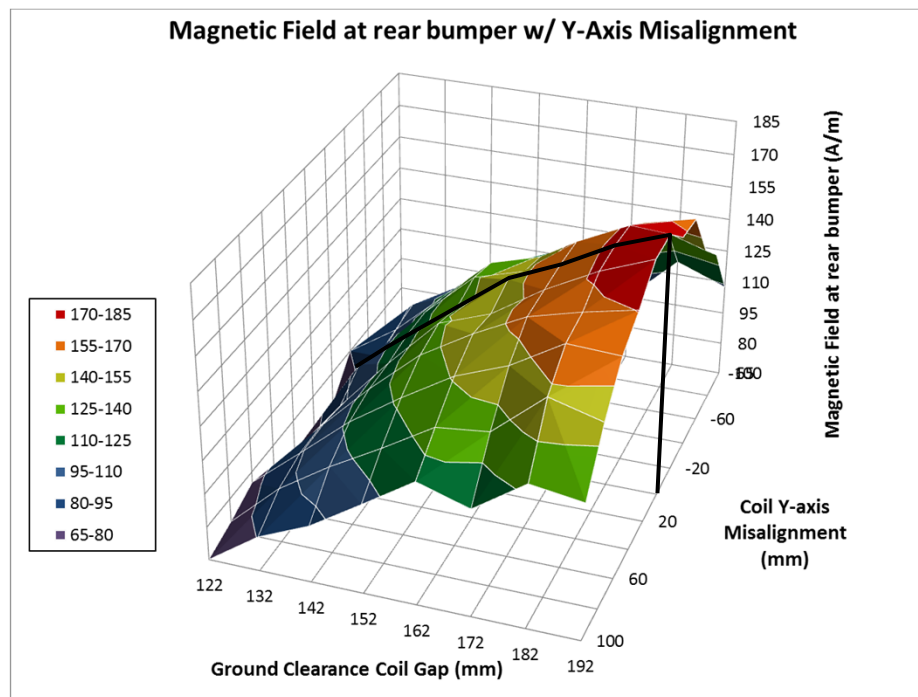
Maximum Output Power (watts)

**Max DC Output Power (watts) with Y-Axis Misalignment
(command: 6600 watts)**



Magnetic and Electric Field Strength

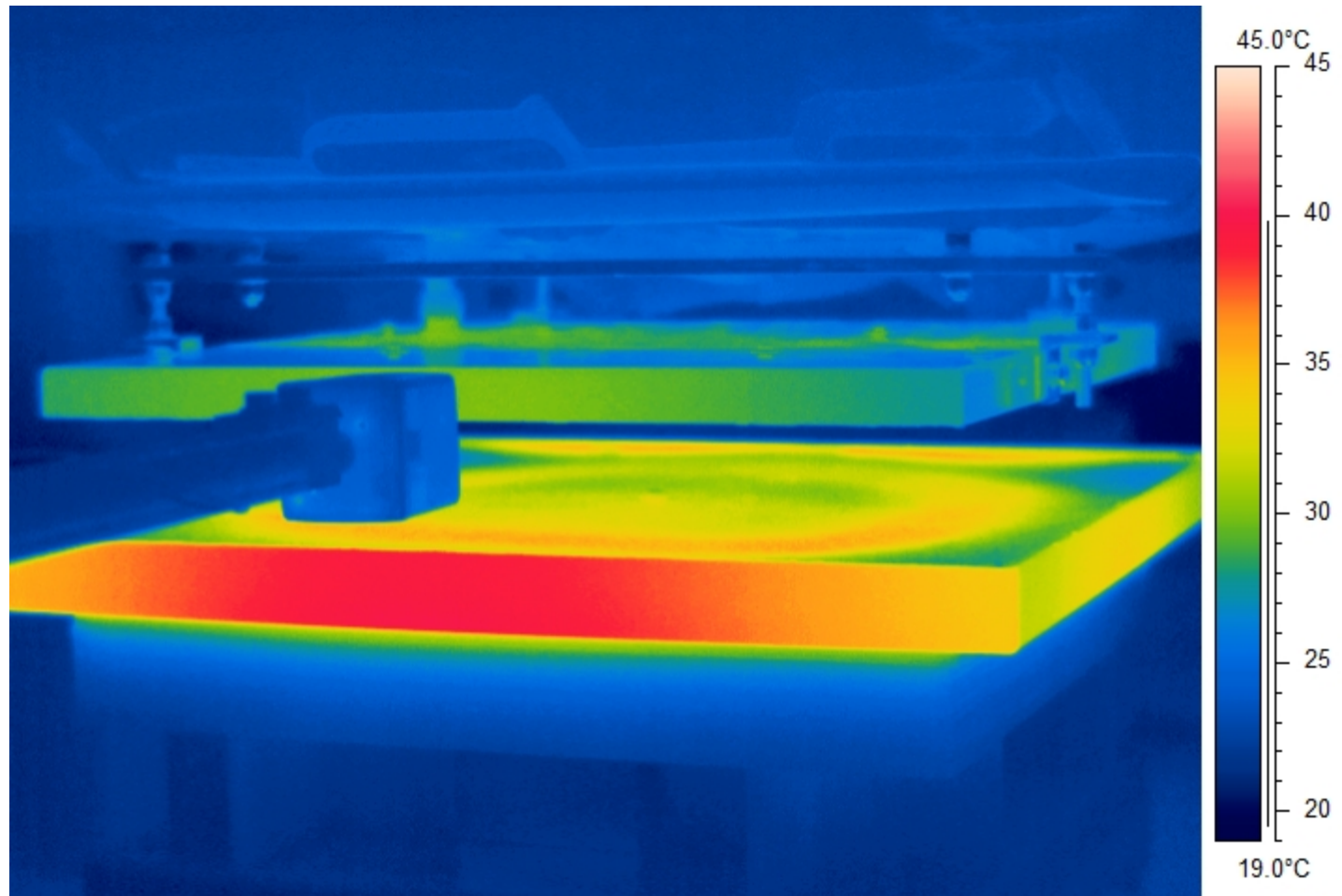
- Measured near rear bumper (510 mm from coil center)
- Centered vertically between coils



- EM-field strength increases as coil gap increases
- EM-field strength decrease w/ misalignment due to reduced power capability

Surface Temperature during Testing

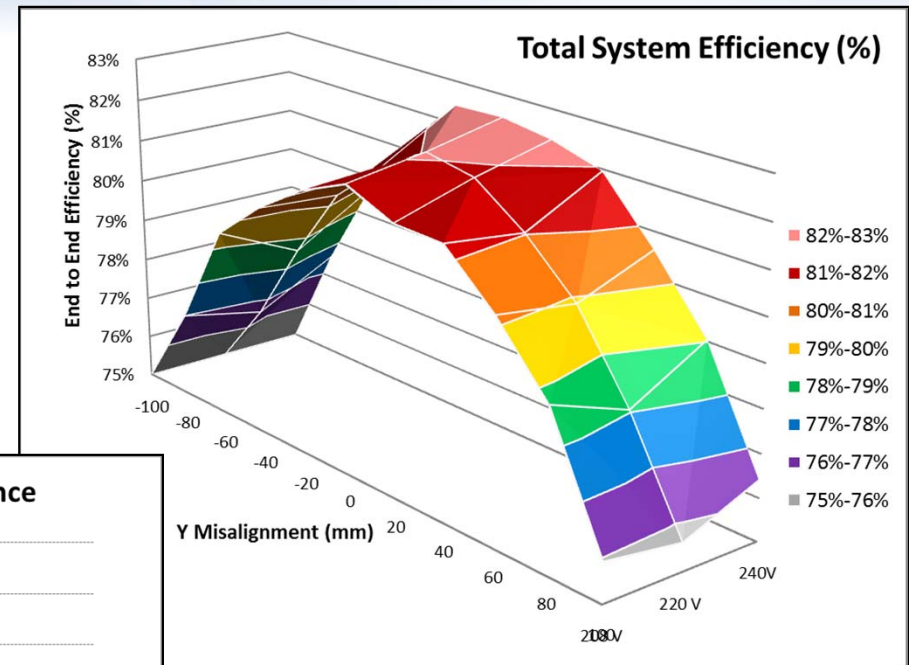
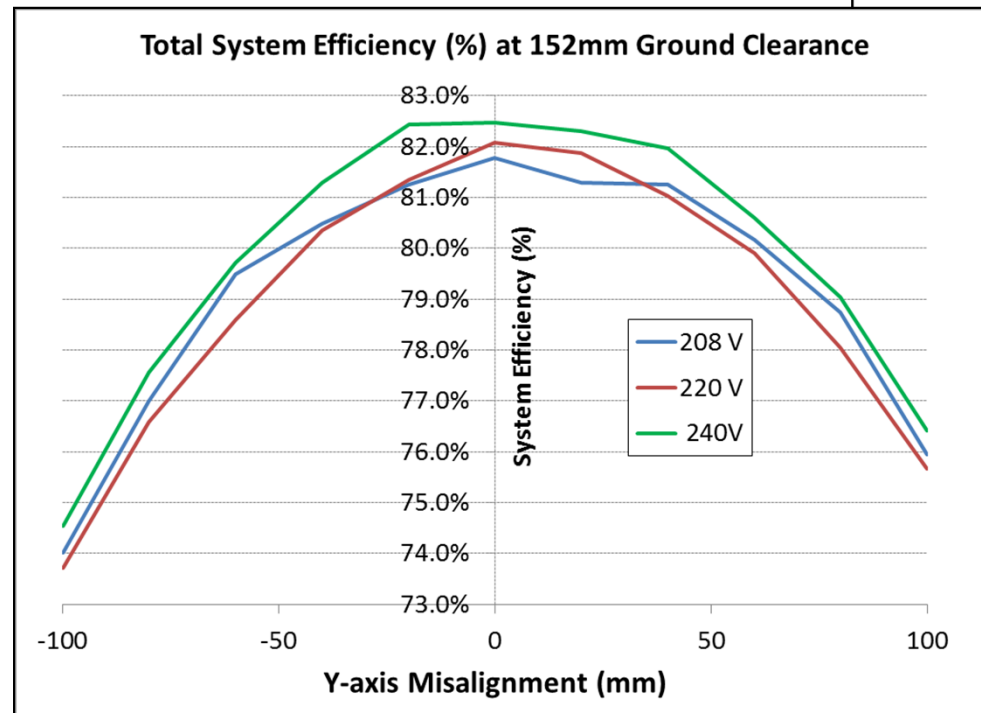
- Temperature monitored through out testing
- Maximum surface temperature through all phases of testing:
 - Below 55 °C (safety surface touch limit)



In-depth Testing at 152mm Ground Clearance

Impact of Input Voltage on System Efficiency

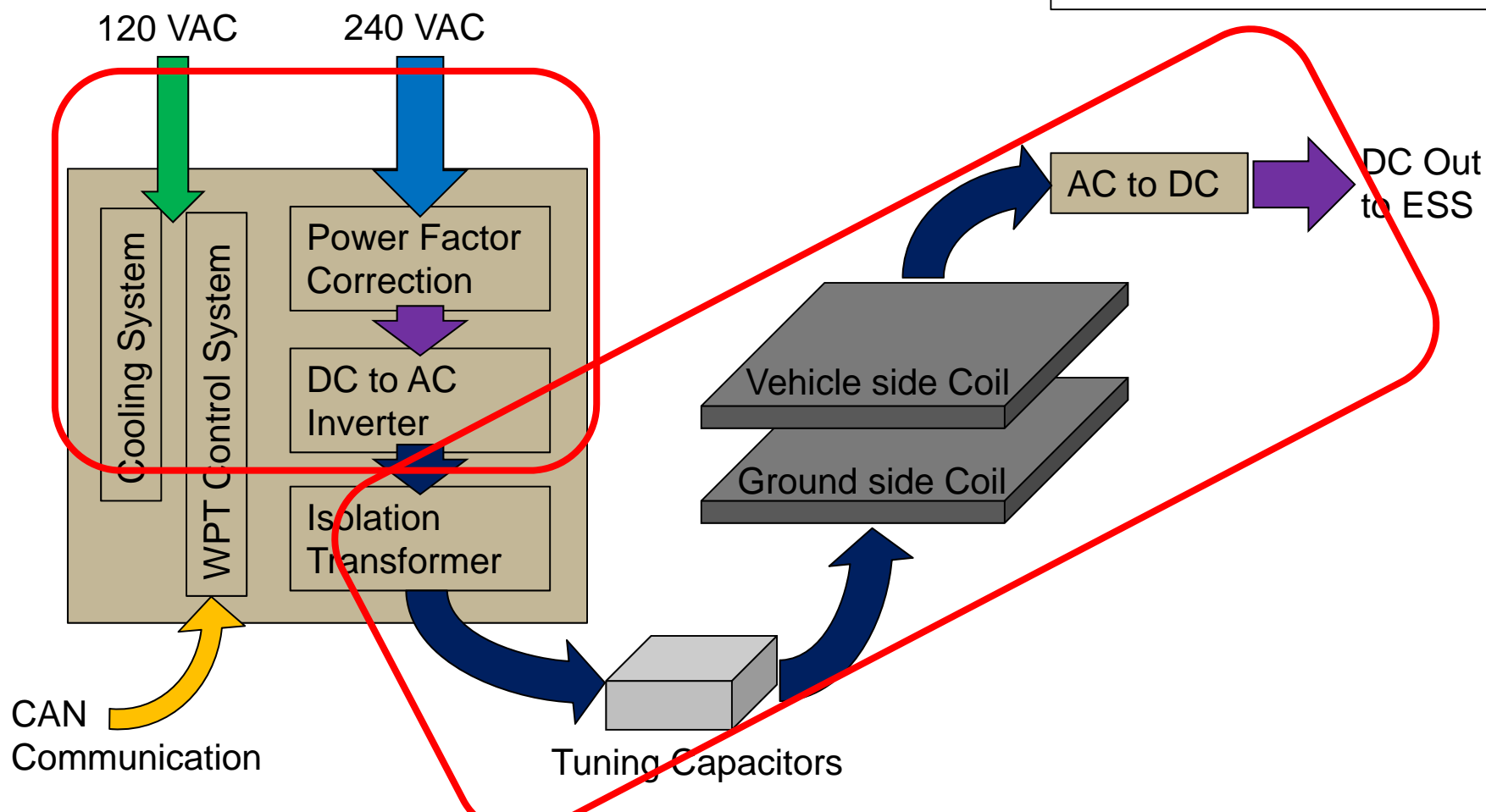
- Higher Input voltage results in:
 - Slightly Higher efficiency when coils are aligned



Impact of Input Voltage

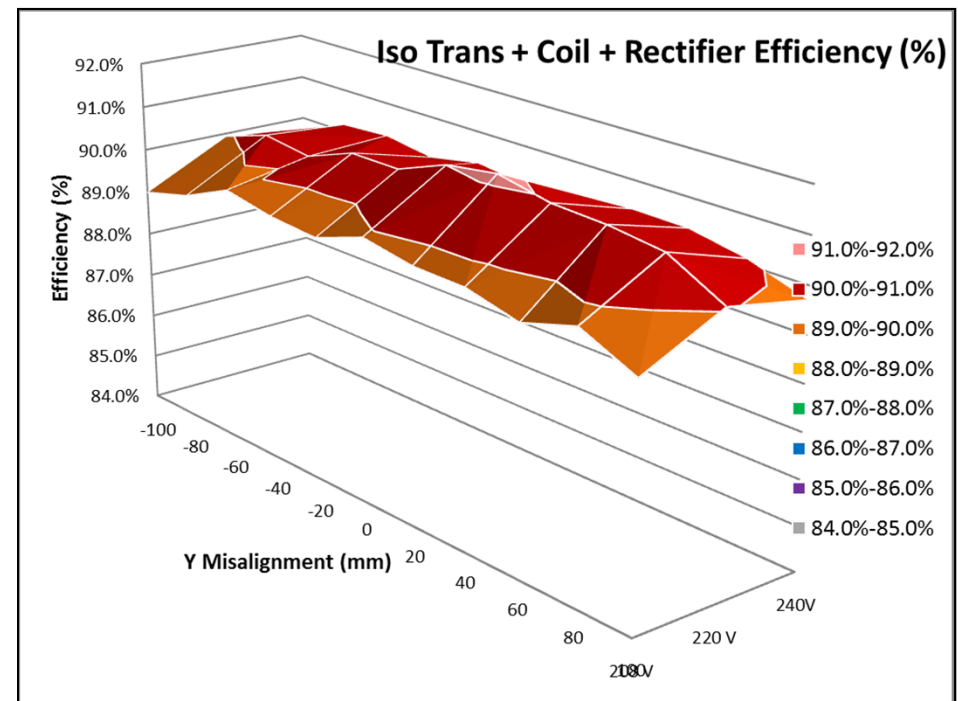
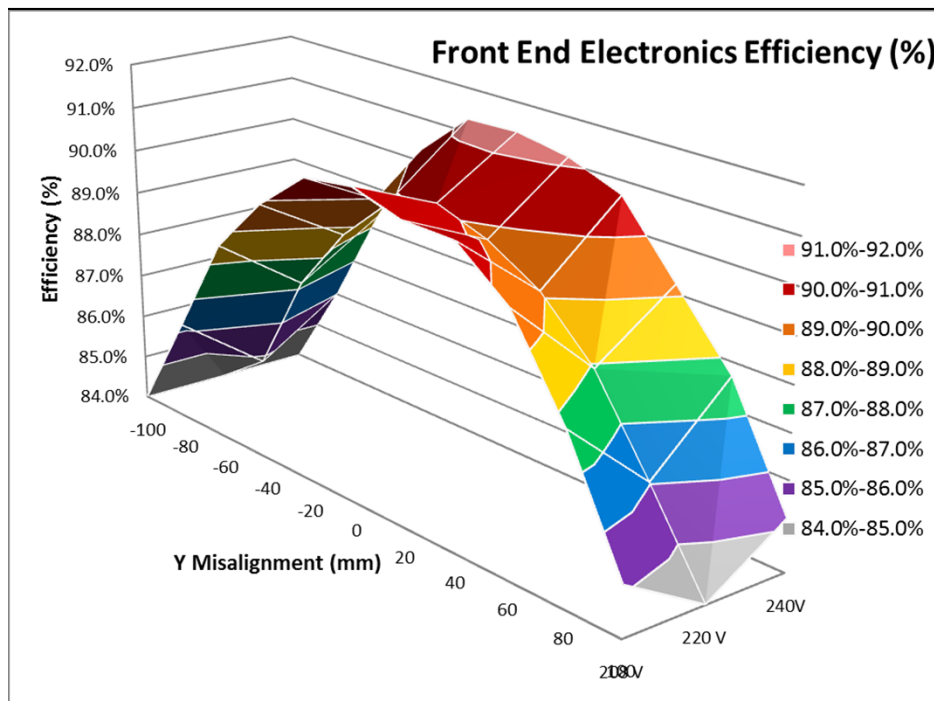
- Analyze Efficiency of sub-systems
 - Front End Power Electronics (60 Hz to 25 kHz)
 - 25 kHz to Batt DC (Iso. Trans. + Caps + Coils + Rect.)

120 VAC at 60 Hz
 240 VAC at 60 Hz
 High Freq. AC (~25 kHz)
 DC voltage



Impact of Input Voltage

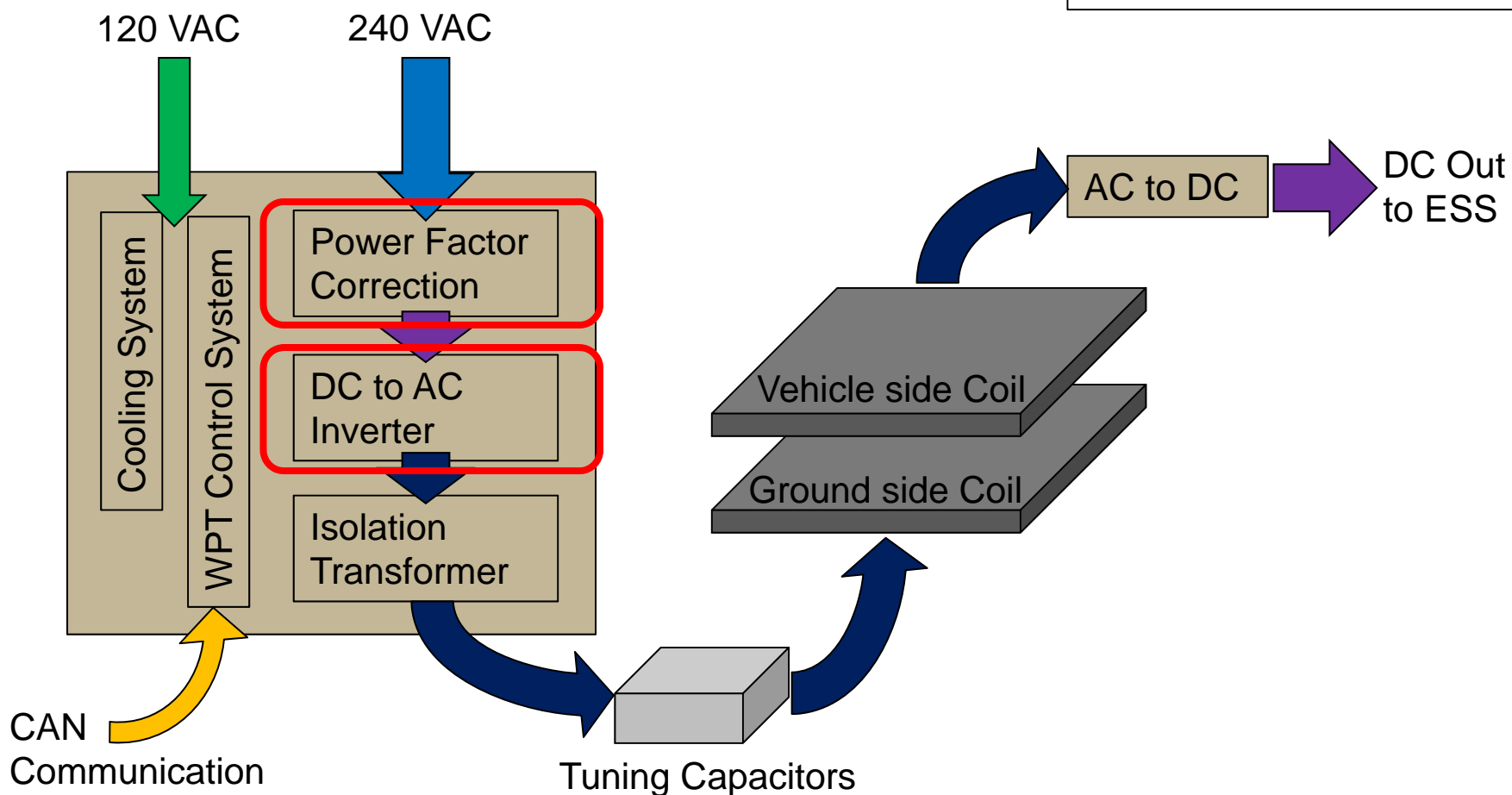
- Input Power Electronics
 - PFC (60 Hz AC to DC)
 - Inverter (DC to 25 kHz AC)
 - 120V aux. loads
 - cooling + controls
- Output High Freq. Components
 - Isolation transformer
 - Tuning capacitors
 - Ground coil to vehicle coil
 - Rectifier



Impact of Input Voltage

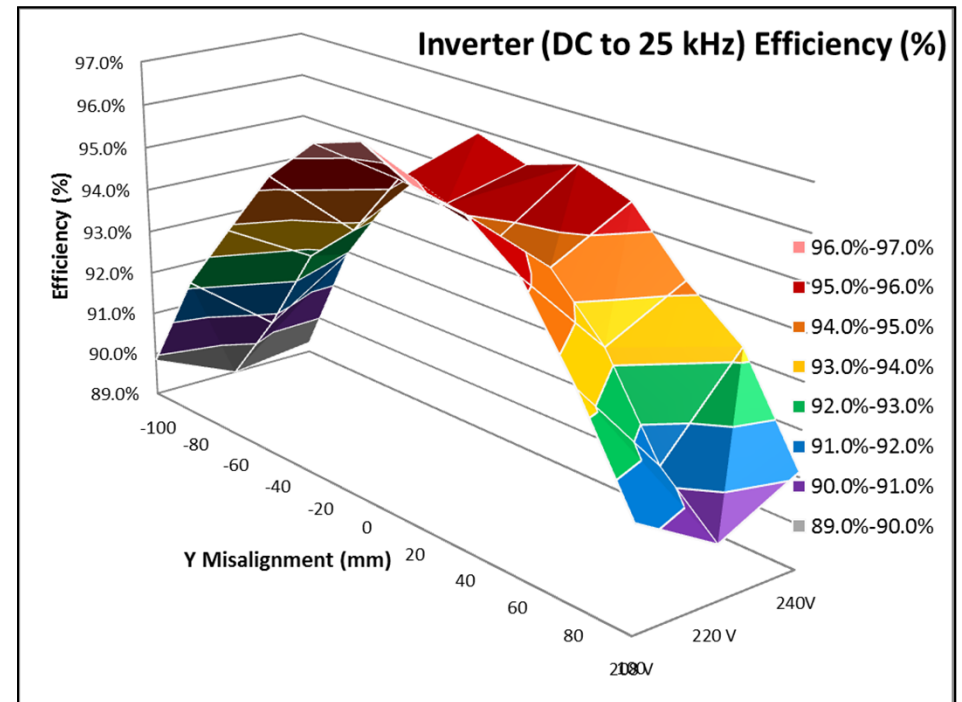
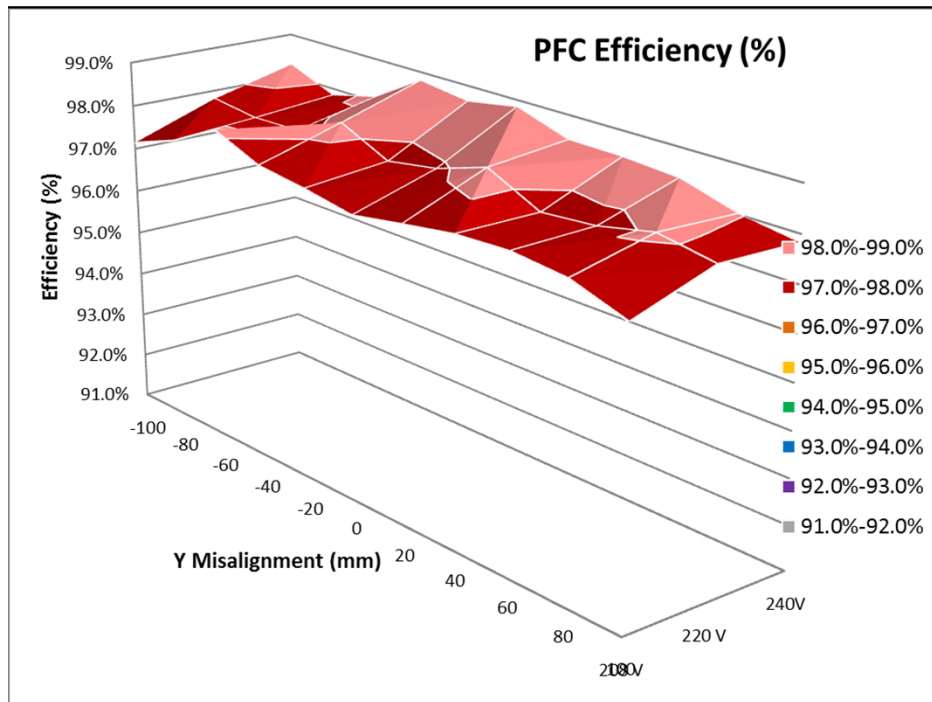
- Analyze Efficiency of Front End sub-systems
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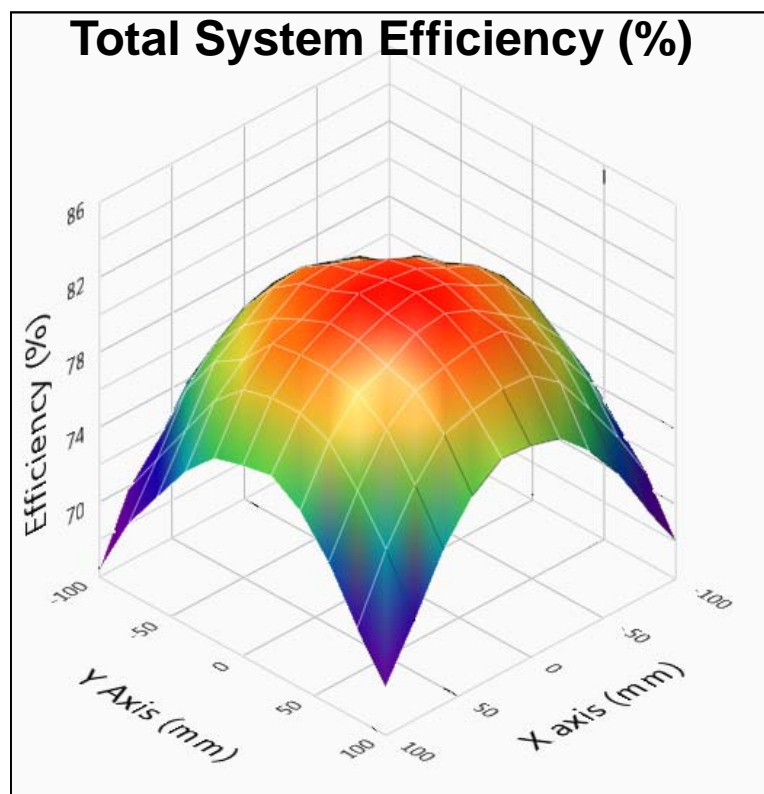
Impact of Input Voltage on Sub-systems

- Power Factor Correction
 - 60Hz to DC link
- Inverter
 - DC Link to 25 kHz

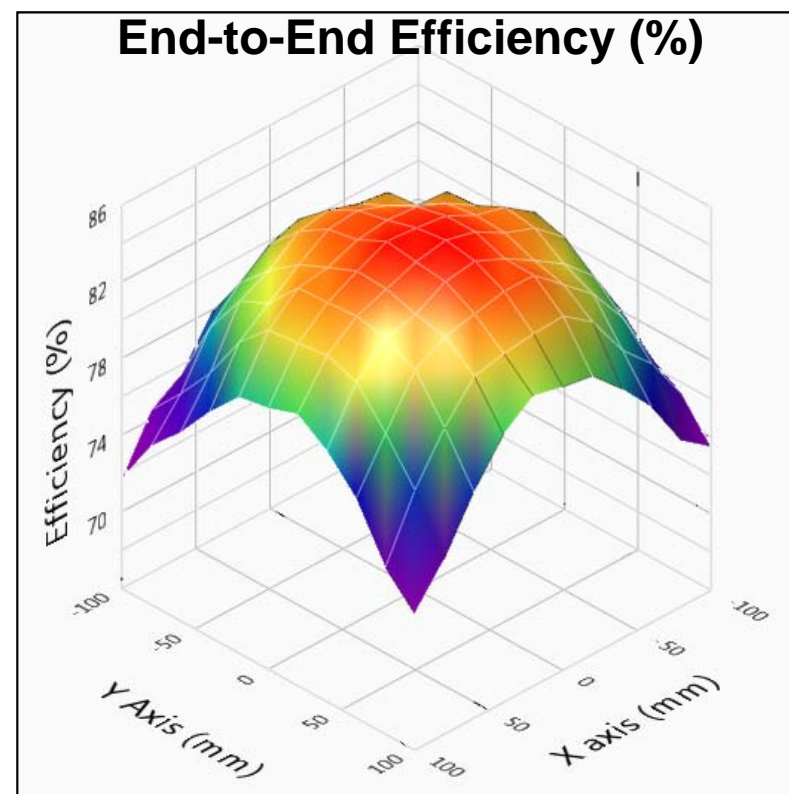


Further In-depth Testing at 152mm Ground Clearance across X, Y misalignment

Total System Efficiency and End-to-End Efficiency

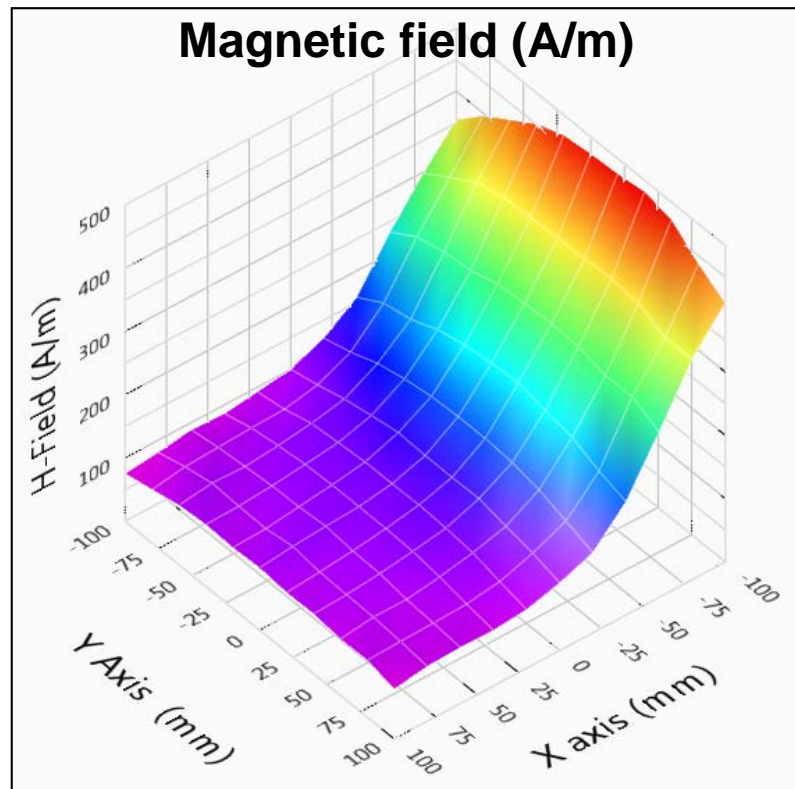


Max. = 82.2 %

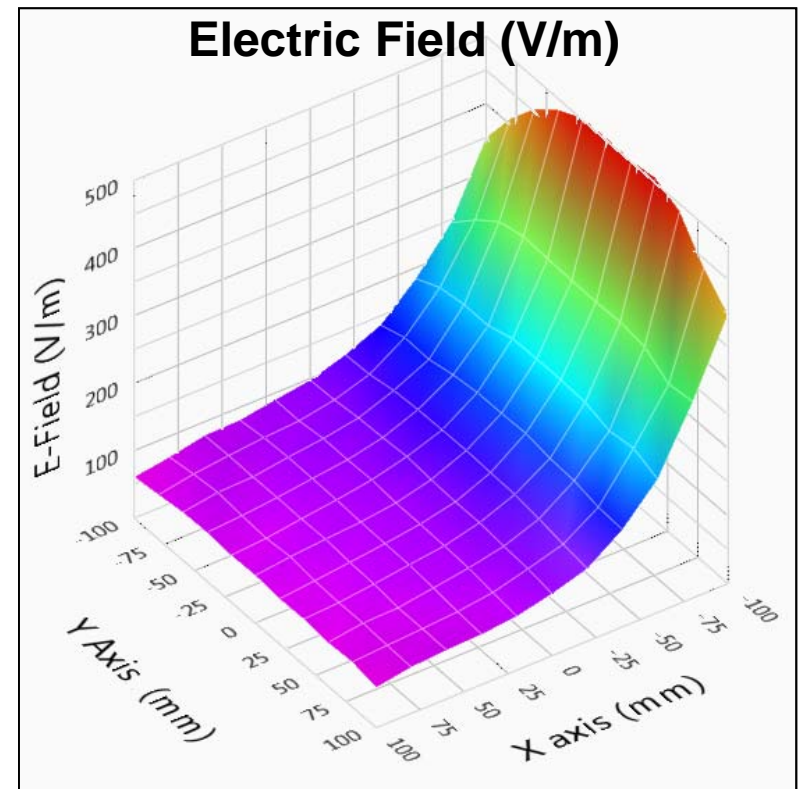


Max. = 85.2 %

EM-field near vehicle's rear bumper



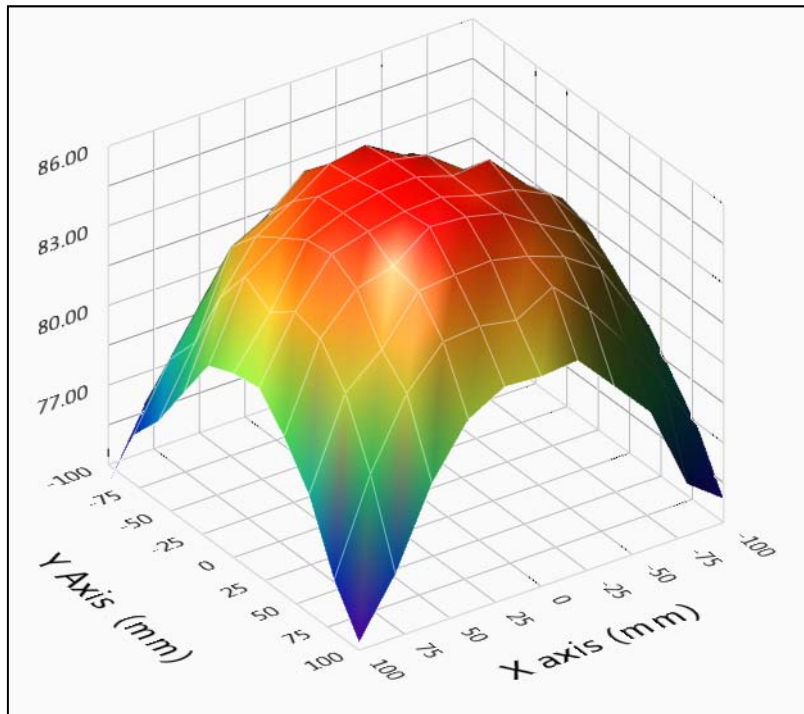
Coils Aligned = 136 A/m
Max. = 482 A/m



Coils Aligned = 106 V/m
Max. = 507 V/m

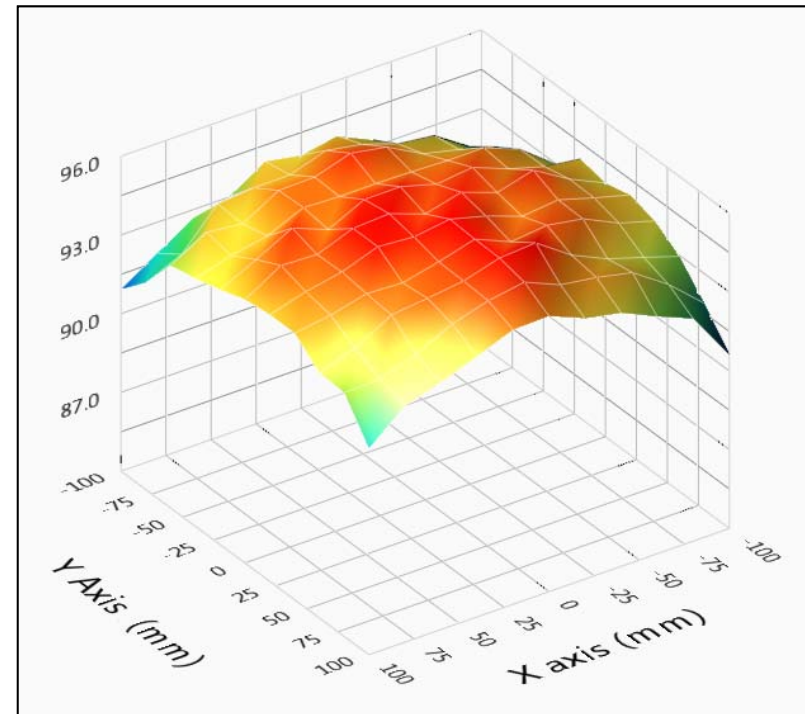
Sub-system Efficiency

DC to DC Efficiency (%)



Max. = 86.4 %

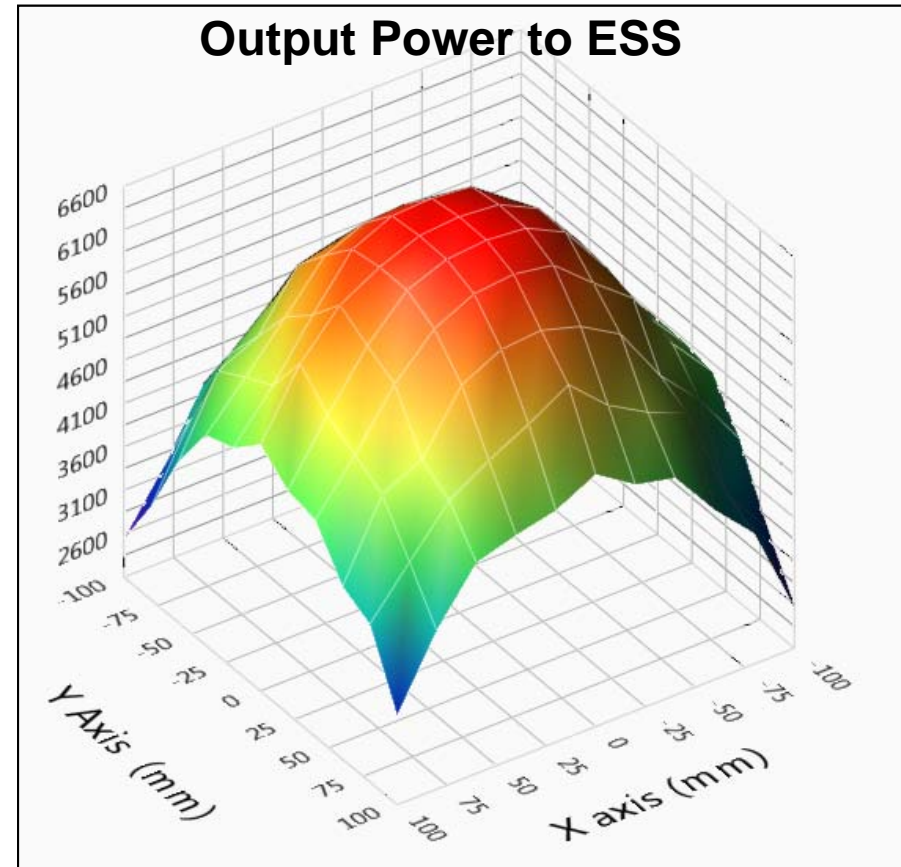
Inverter plus Aux. Load Efficiency (%)



Max. = 95.4 %

Output Power Capability

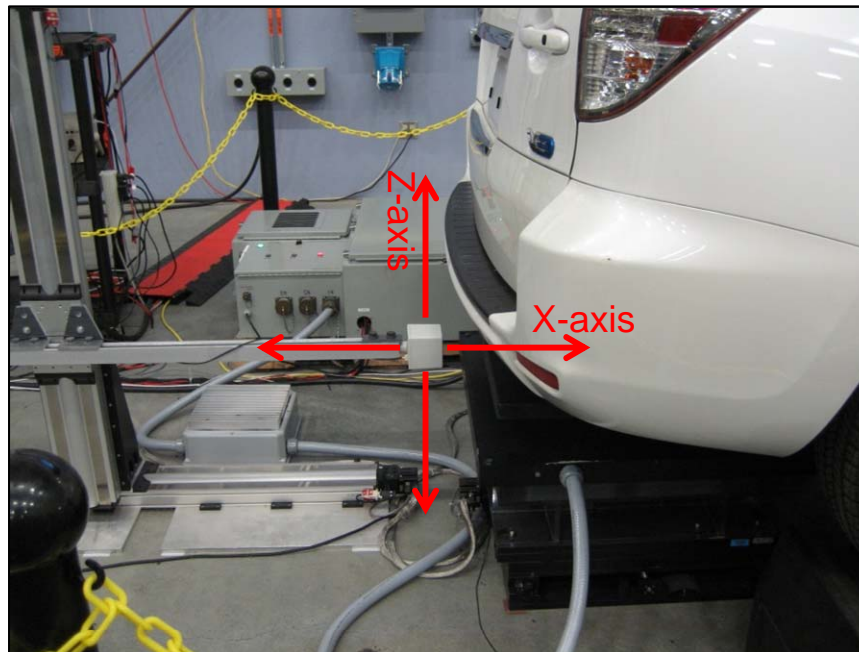
- Commanded output power
 - 6600 watts



Max. = 6.6 kW

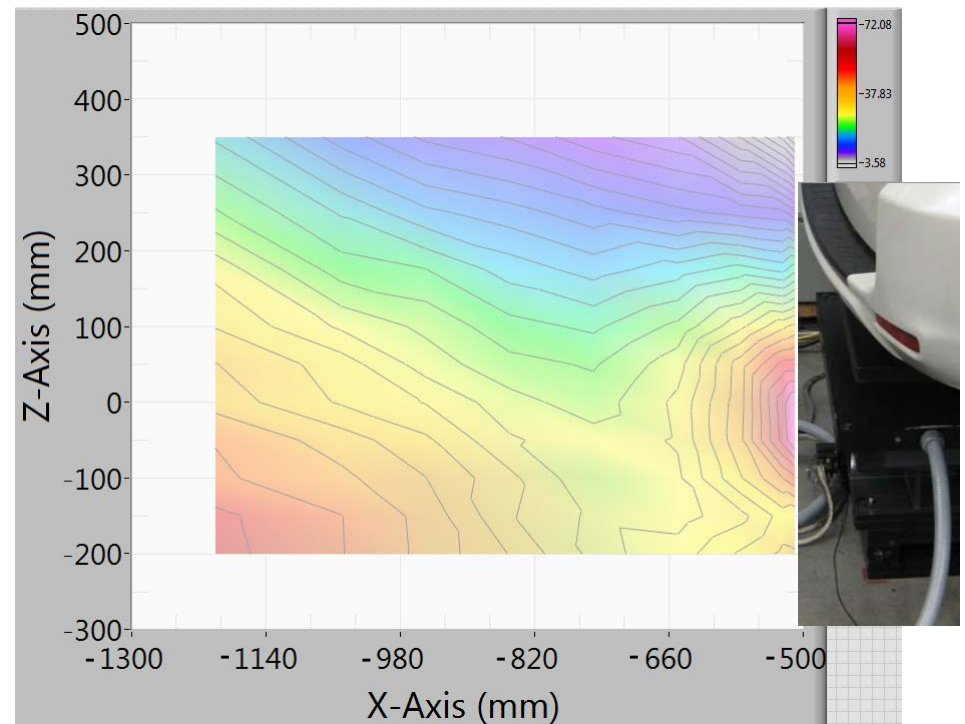
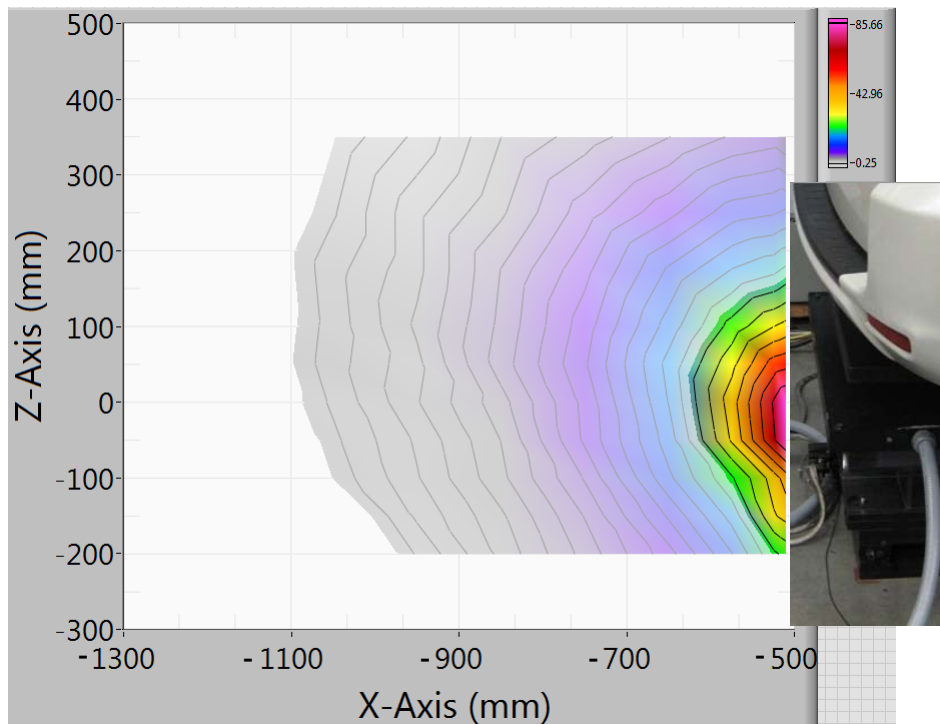
EM-field Scan in X, Z plane near rear bumper

- Coils Aligned (0,0)
- Full power: 6600 watts output
- Input voltage: 240 V RMS
- Output Voltage: 366 VDC



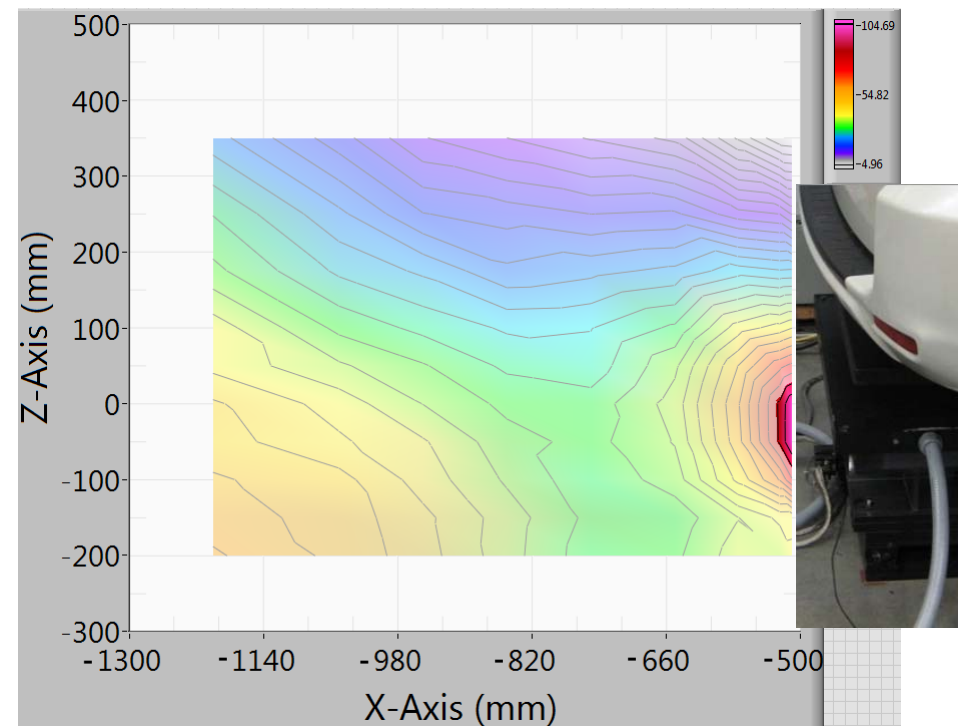
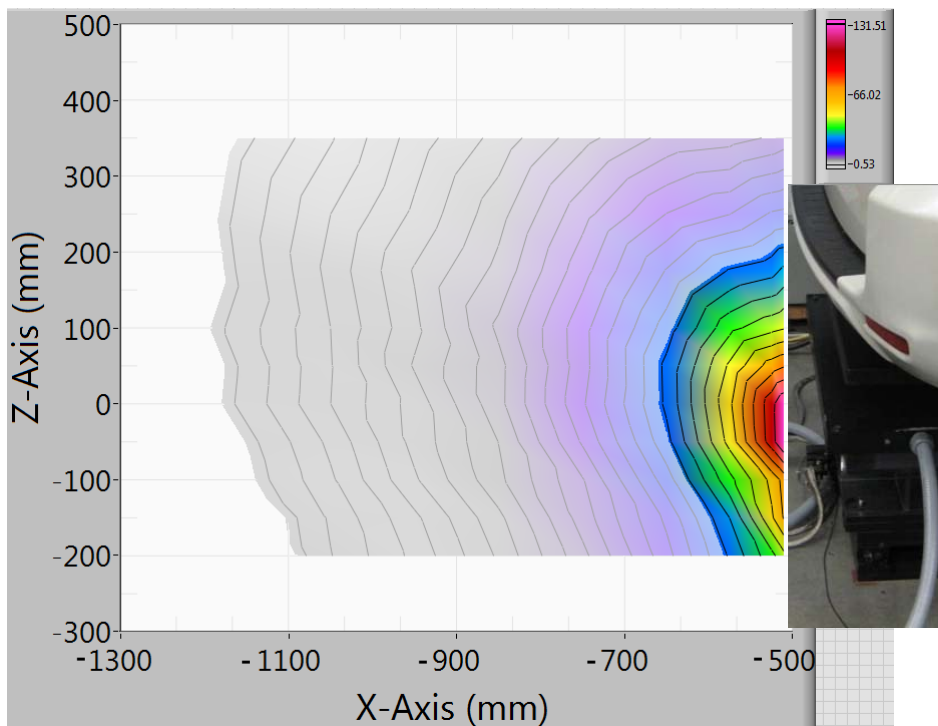
Magnetic and Electric Field at 132mm coil gap

- Bright color area is above ICNIRP 2010 levels (general public exposure)
- Magnetic field (A/m)
 - Large area near bumper at ankle height shows peak of 85.7 A/m
- Electric field (V/m)
 - All areas measured around rear bumper are below ICNIRP 2010



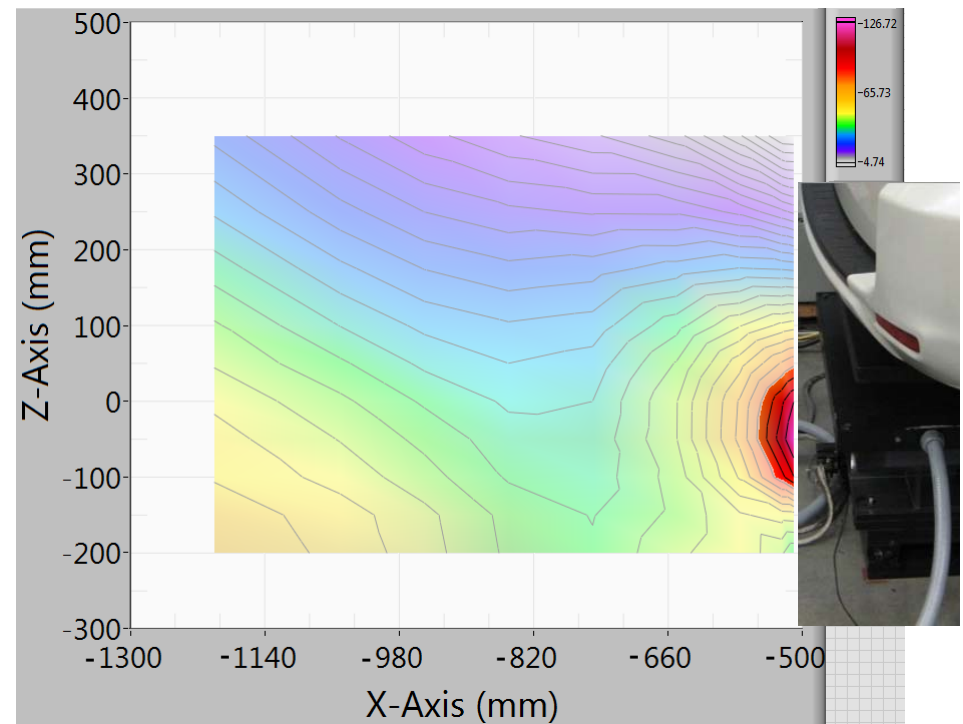
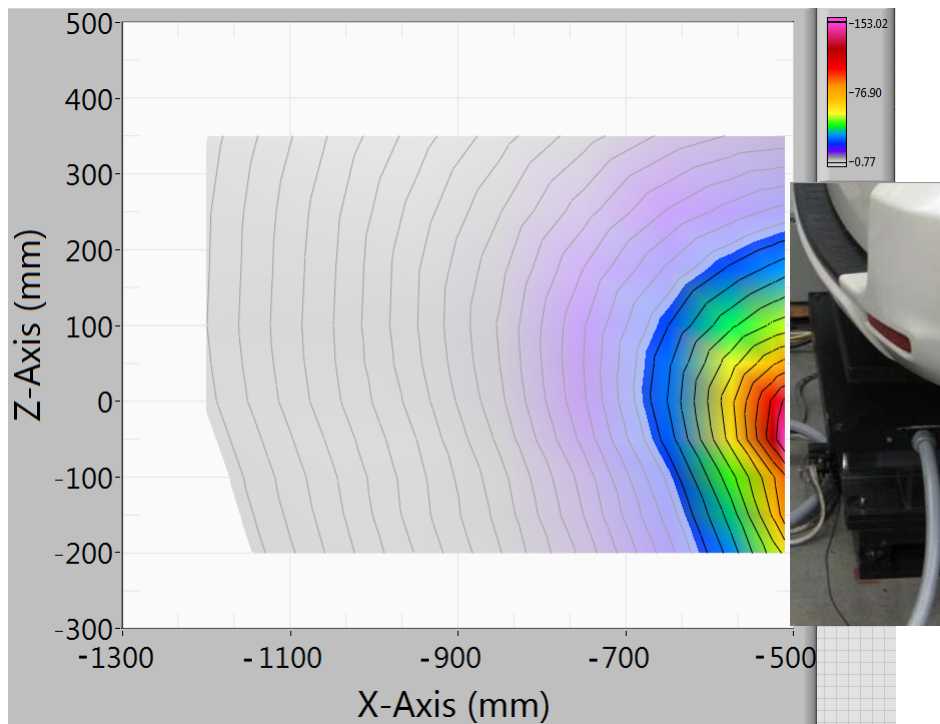
Magnetic and Electric Field at 152mm coil gap

- Bright color area is above ICNIRP 2010 levels (general public exposure)
- Magnetic field (A/m)
 - Large area near bumper at ankle height shows peak of 132 A/m
- Electric field (V/m)
 - Small area near bumper at ankle height shows peak of 105 V/m



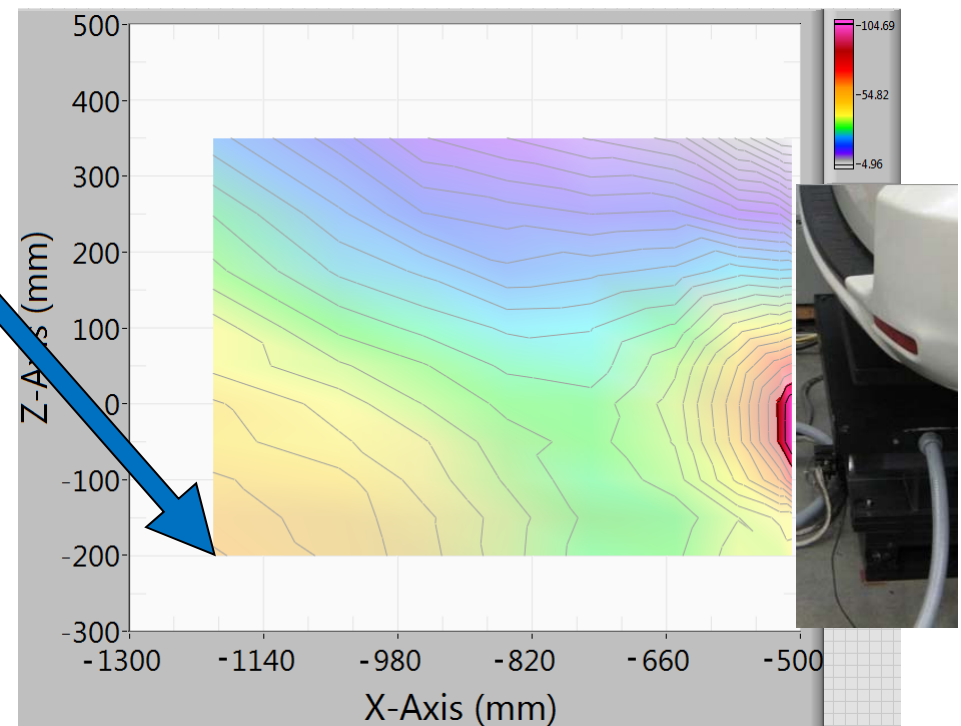
Magnetic and Electric Field at 172mm coil gap

- Bright color area is above ICNIRP 2010 levels (general public exposure)
- Magnetic field (A/m)
 - Large area near bumper at ankle height shows peak of 153 A/m
- Electric field (V/m)
 - Small area near bumper at ankle height shows peak of 127 V/m

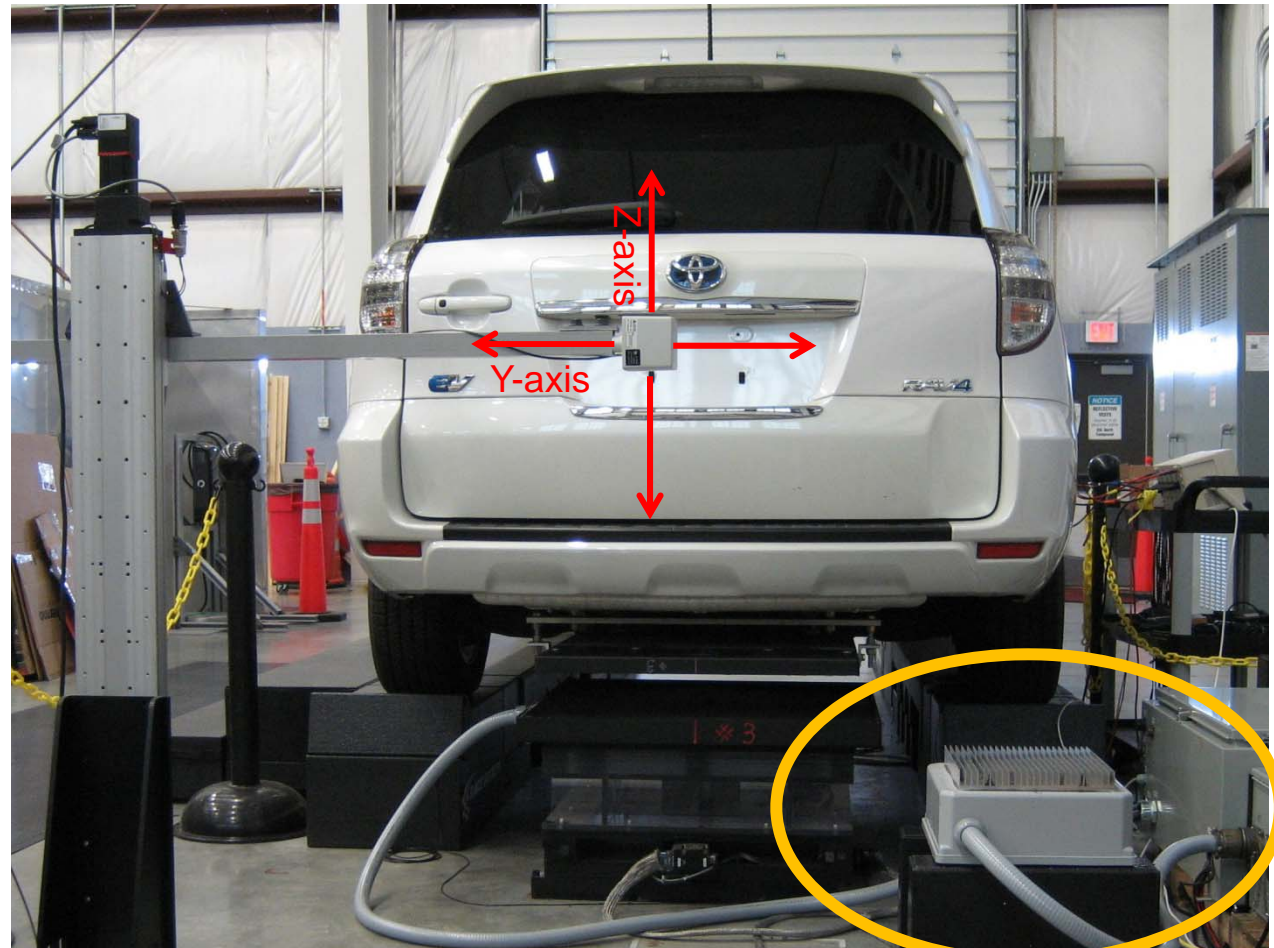


Magnetic and Electric Field at 152mm coil gap

- What is the additional Electric field approximately 1.2m from the coil center?
- Approx. 60 V/m
- This is EM-field generated from the tuning capacitor enclosure between the GSU and the Primary coil



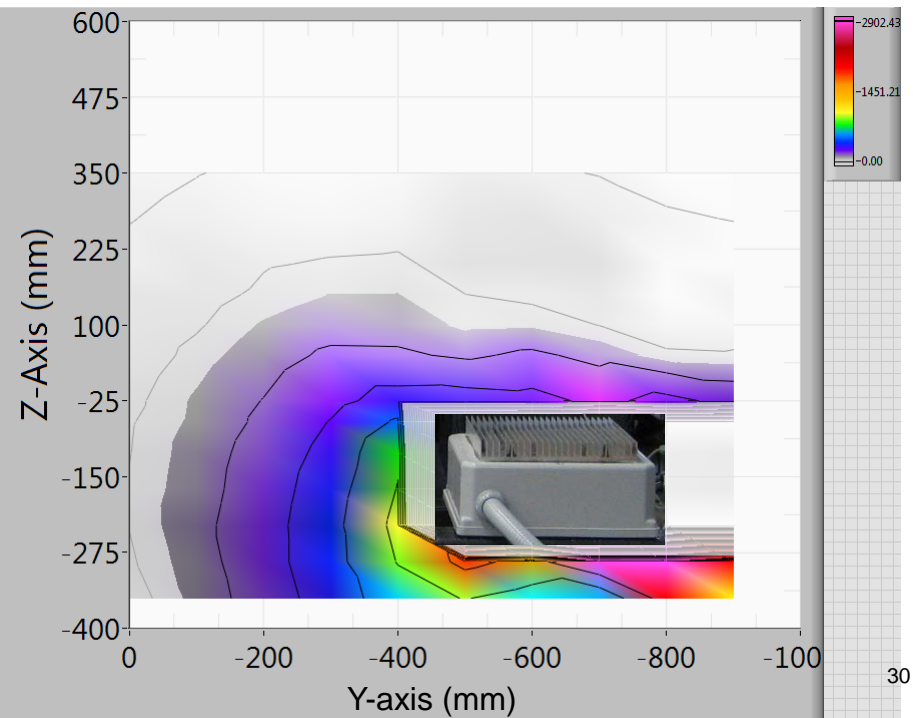
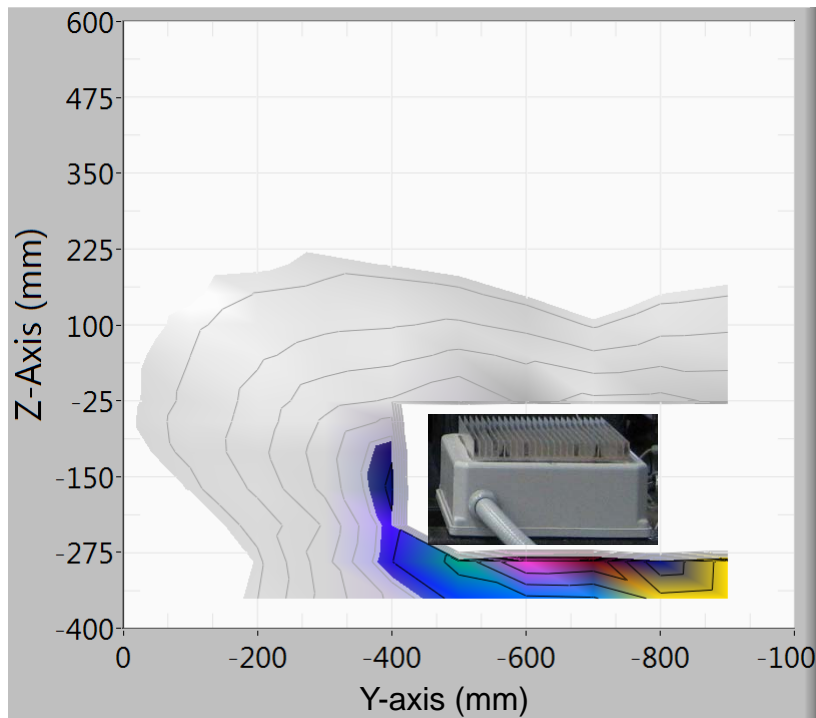
EM-Field near Tuning Capacitor Enclosure at 152mm ground clearance coil gap



Tuning Capacitor Enclosure

EM-Field near Tuning Capacitor Enclosure at 152mm ground clearance coil gap

- Bright color area is above ICNIRP 2010 levels (general public exposure)
- Magnetic field (A/m)
 - Shows peak under the enclosure of **309 A/m**
- Electric field (V/m)
 - Shows peak under the enclosure of **2,902 V/m**



Summary

- Performance Summary at designed Z gap
 - At 152 mm ground clearance (160 mm magnetic gap)
 - At 240VAC, coils aligned (0,0), 6.6 kW output, 366 VDC output
 - Maximum Total Efficiency: 82.2%
 - Maximum End-to-End Efficiency: 85.2%
 - Magnetic field at rear bumper: 132 A/m
 - Electric field at rear bumper: 105 V/m
 - Power Factor: 0.94
 - Operation Frequency: 24.5 kHz
 - Maximum Output Power achieved: 7.0 kW
 - Magnetic field near lower surface of Tuning Capacitor enclosure
 - 309 A/m
 - Electric field near lower surface of Tuning Capacitor enclosure
 - 2,902 V/m

Summary Continued

- Performance Impact (Efficiency and EM-field) from external factors
 - Highest Impacts
 - Coil Gap
 - 8% efficiency decrease from 152 mm to 192 mm gap
 - Mag. field increased 67 A/m for 40mm change in gap
 - Elec. field increased 55 V/m for 40mm change in gap
 - Misalignment
 - 16% efficiency decrease for 100mm misalignment
 - Mag. field increased 346 A/m for 100mm misalignment change
 - Elec. field increased 401 V/m for 100mm misalignment change
 - Lesser Impacts
 - Output Voltage
 - 3% efficiency decrease from 385 VDC to 285 VDC
 - Input Voltage
 - 0.8% efficiency decrease from 240 VAC to 208 VAC
 - Output Power
 - 1.6% efficiency decrease from 3.9 kW to 6.8 kW

Acknowledgement

This work is supported by
the U.S. Department of Energy's
EERE Vehicle Technologies Program

More Information

<http://avt.inl.gov>