EV Everywhere: Drive Electric Vermont PEV Case Study

Jim Francfort EV Roadmap 9 Portland, Oregon July 2016

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DOE's Case Study Objective

- Provide an example of plug-in electric vehicle (PEV) support activities beyond urban clusters
- Demonstrate how small and medium-sized communities can increase
 PEV uptake and charging infrastructure deployment in their regions
- Small and midsize towns in the United States, with populations of 50,000 or less, are often ideal PEV communities due to their typically shorter driving distances





Study conducted by: Energetics, Vermont Energy Investment Corporation and Idaho National Laboratory





Drive Electric Vermont (DEV) Organization

- Formed in 2012 via a MOU between
 - State of Vermont Agency of Transportation
 - State of Vermont Agency of Natural Resources
 - State of Vermont Public Service Department
 - Vermont Energy Investment Corporation (VEIC) (nonprofit)

DEV Goal

 Increased use of electric transportation through policy development, education and outreach, and infrastructure development

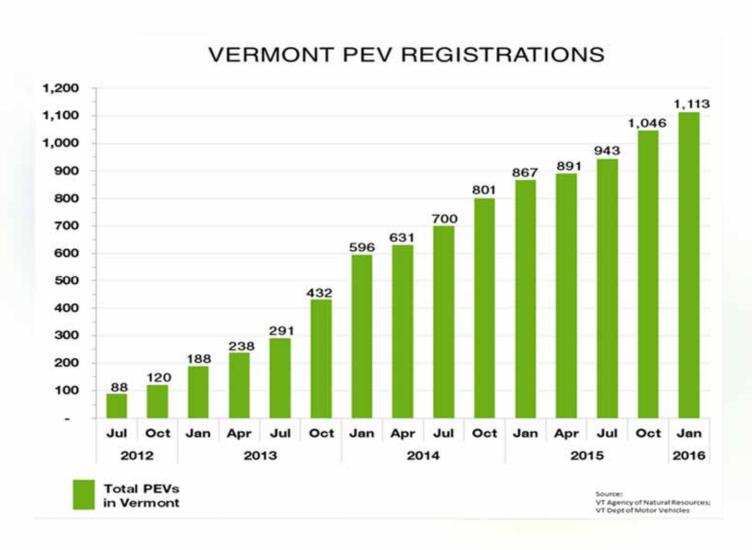
DEV Defined Measures of Success

- Number of PEVs registered in the state
- Availability of workplace and public charging infrastructure
- Number of people aware of PEV options and considering them for vehicle purchases
- State and local policy support (e.g., building codes)



Did DEV Obtain Their Goal?

Total PEV monthly registration growth 12.6 X in 42 months





PEV Registrations In High PEV Penetration Areas

- Registrations not as high as some warm weather metro areas BUT
- PEV (battery electric vehicle (BEV) & plug-in hybrid electric vehicle (PHEV)) registrations as percentage of all 2014 registered vehicles

			Total	% BEV	% of All 2014 Registered Vehicles		
	PHEV	BEV	PEV	of PEV	PHEV	AEV	PEV
Vermont	176	55	231	24	0.45	0.14	0.59
New Hampshire	115	61	176	65	0.14	0.08	0.22
Atlanta Metro	621	6,711	7,332	92	0.19	2.03	2.22
Los Angeles Metro	16,559	9,489	26,048	36	1.52	0.87	2.38
Portland Metro	544	979	1,523	64	0.48	0.87	1.35
San Diego Metro	1,840	2,185	4,025	54	1.05	1.25	2.30
Austin Metro	272	409	681	60	0.22	0.33	0.54

Data from Argonne National Laboratory



PEV Registrations In Cold Weather Areas

PEV Share and Mix in Cities with Greater than 5% Peak Frigid January Temperature						
	% PEVs of All Registrations	% BEVs of PEVs	Peak Frigid %			
Vermont*	0.59%	23.8%	40%			
Detroit	0.59%	6.7%	17%			
Spokane	0.48%	50.0%	13%			
Philadelphia	0.34%	36.3%	7%			
Boston	0.30%	45.3%	7%			
Indianapolis	0.30%	44.3%	19%			
Chicago	0.28%	47.2%	24%			
Cincinnati	0.26%	36.3%	11%			
Dayton	0.25%	24.4%	13%			
Minneapolis	0.24%	35.3%	47%			
Columbus	0.23%	33.8%	11%			
Bloomington IL	0.19%	57.1%	20%			
Springfield IL	0.19%	25.0%	20%			
Cleveland	0.14%	24.2%	10%			
Jackson MI	0.14%	21.1%	24%			
Pittsburgh	0.14%	37.6%	16%			
South Bend	0.14%	37.6%	20%			

^{*}Burlington peak frigid %.

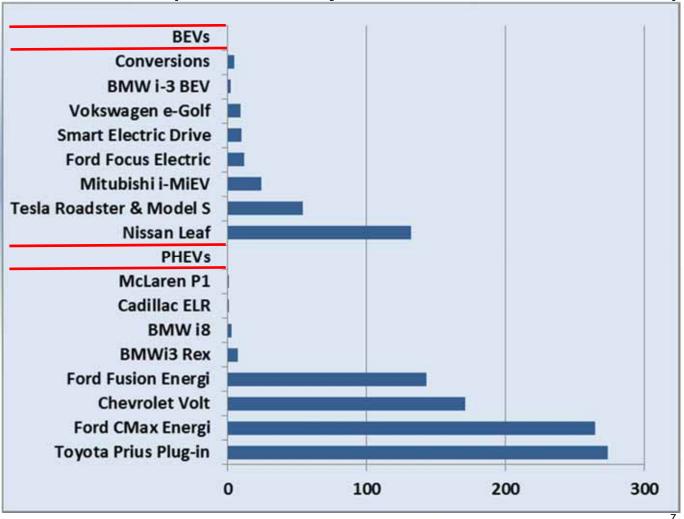
Data from Argonne National Laboratory



BEV And PHEV Models Registered In Vermont

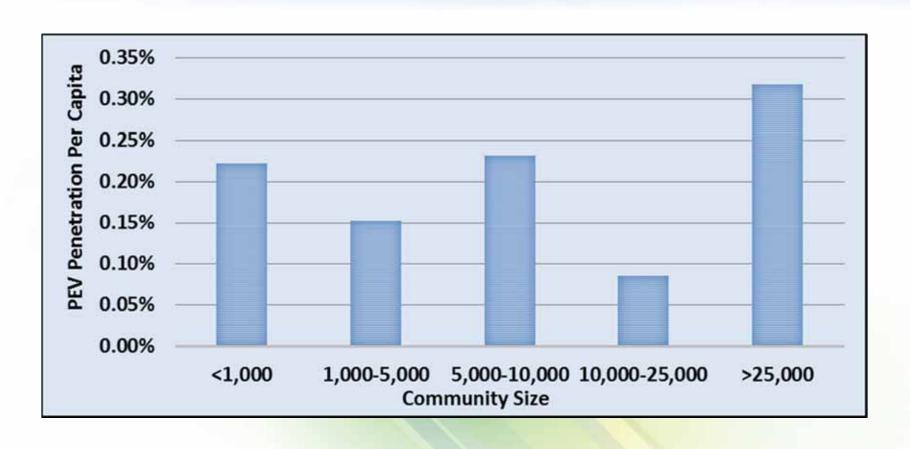
 As of January 2016, there were a total of 248 registered BEVs and 865 registered PHEVs in Vermont (Vermont Department of Motor Vehicles)

 PHEVs 2.5 X's more popular than BEVs



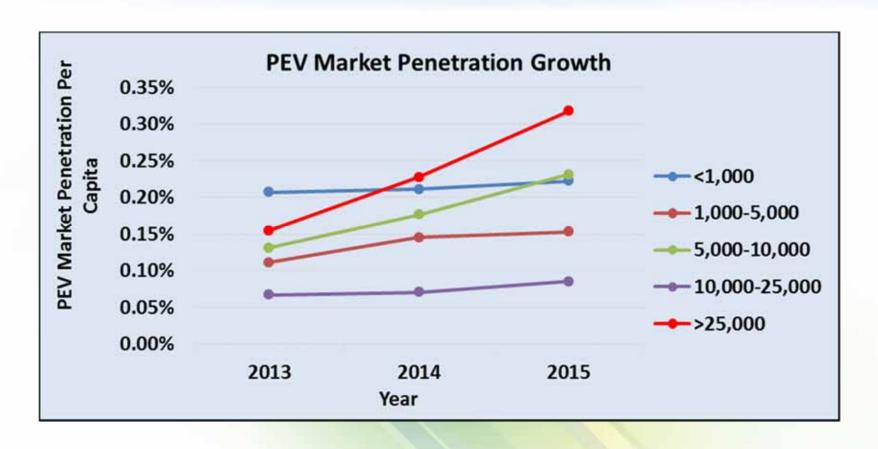


PEV Ownership By Community Size





PEV Market Penetration Growth By Community Size

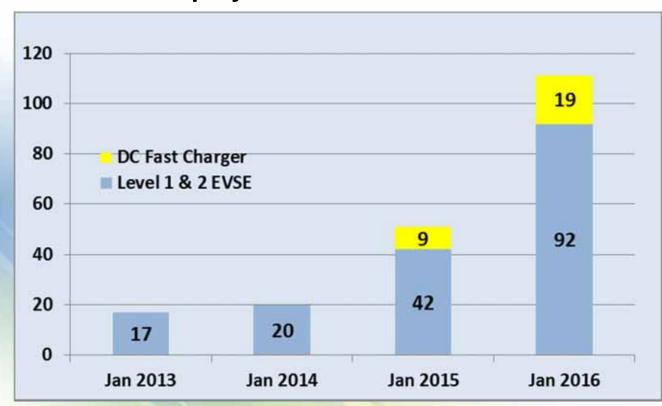




Charging Infrastructure Increases

• EVSE and DCFC Public Units Deployed in Vermont

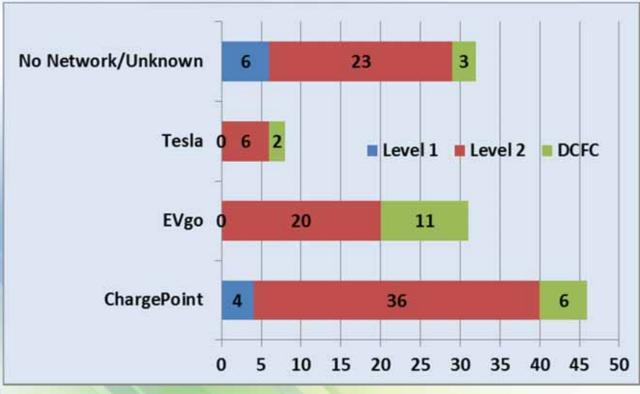




ChargePoint Level 2 EVSE in Stowe



Public Infrastructure Type By Charging Network



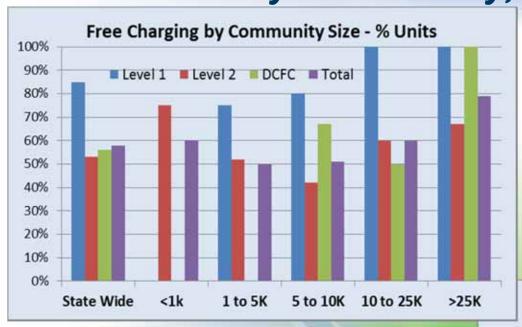


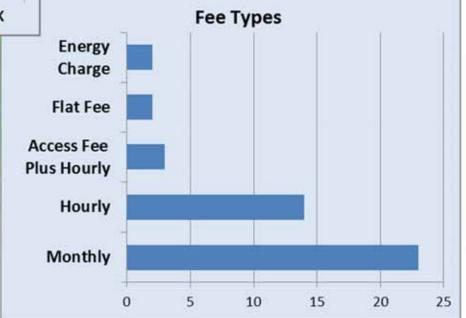
Data provided by: ChargePoint, Evgo and Green Mountain Power

Green Mountain Power Freedom Station in Williston



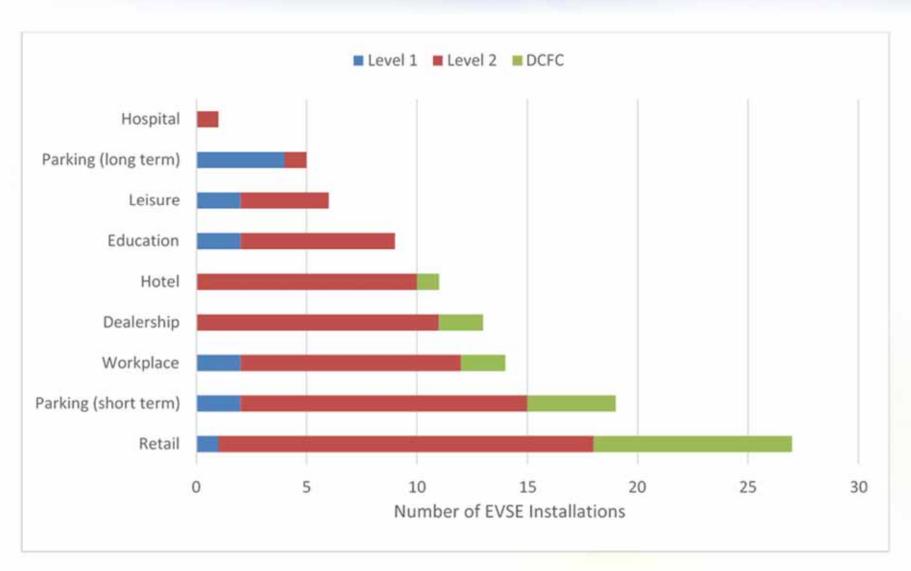
EVSE Fees By Community, Network & Structure







Number Of EVSE Venues and Charging Locations



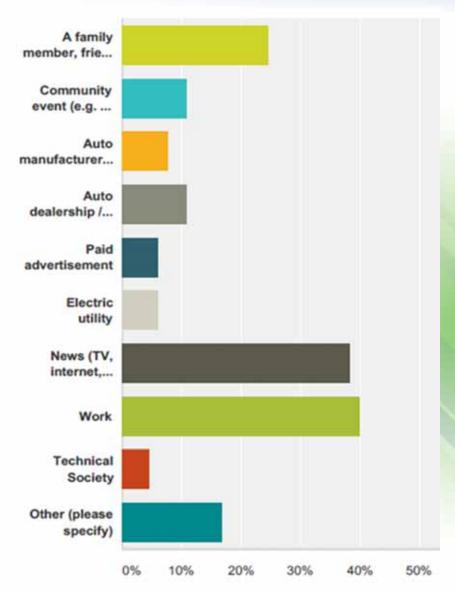


DEV Program Research

- Vermont Energy Investment Corporation surveyed a number of areas, including:
 - Identified the primary awareness and interest mechanisms for PEVs
 - The critical factors that ultimately influence the purchase of PEVs and installation of charging infrastructure
- Opinions were asked of over 1,000 PEV owners / leasers / enthusiasts and over 80 EVSE site operators
- Responses received from 71 PEV owners / leasers / enthusiasts and 23 charging site operators



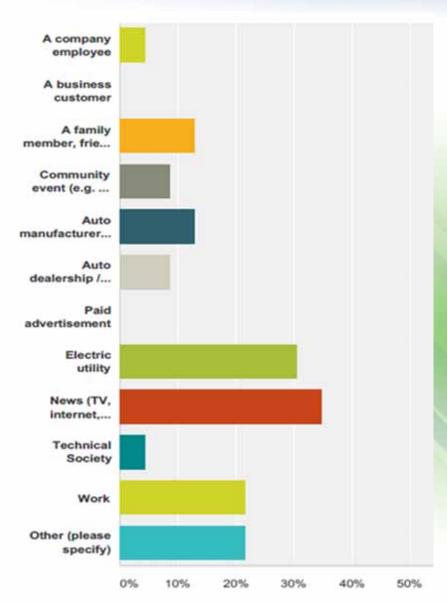
Creating PEV Awareness Mechanisms



- 1. Work environment
- 2. News venues



Creating EVSE Awareness Mechanisms



- 1. News venues
- 2. Electric utilities



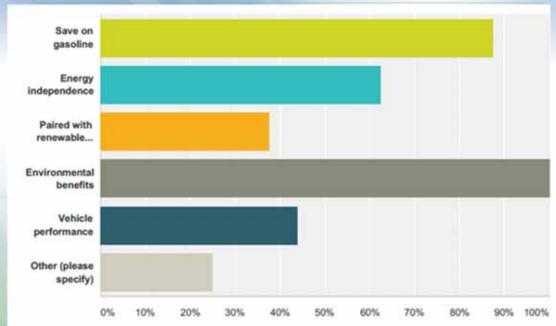
Why Purchase / Lease A PEV?

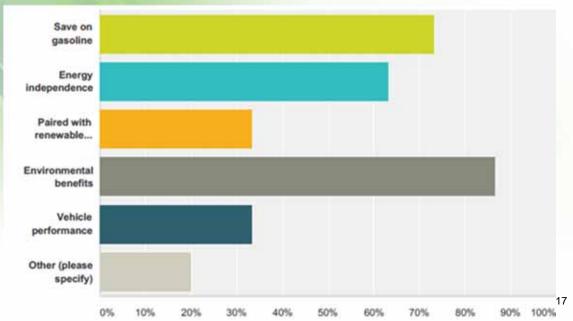
Principal reasons to purchase a PEV

- 1. Environmental benefits
- 2. Save on gasoline
- 3. Energy independence

Principal reasons to lease a PEV

- 1. Environmental benefits
- 2. Save on gasoline
- 3. Energy independence



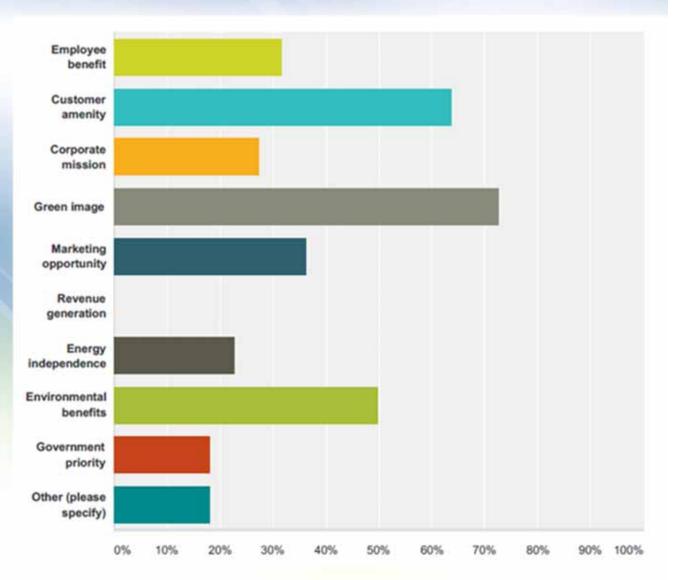




Why Install EVSE?

Critical factors for installing EVSE

- 1. Green image
- 2. Customer amenity
- 3. Environmental benefits





Expanding PEV and EVSE Presence In Small To Mid-Size Communities

- State and Local Policy:
 - Initially focus on comprehensive regional plans
 - Lays the foundation for PEVs and why they should be supported at the state and local levels
 - Identify and target the support of high-level state officials
- Central Hub and Point of Contact:
 - Establish an umbrella organization over all PEV-related activities
 - Serves as single point-of-contact for technical support and information
- Early and Broad Stakeholder Involvement:
 - Multiple stakeholders must be targeted and involved from the beginning of a PEV program to maximize
 - Support, participation and ownership
 - Maximizes breadth of communication distribution channels



Expanding PEV and EVSE Presence: cont'd

- Establish Tracking Mechanisms:
 - Establish robust measures for tracking PEV sales and EVSE installations to gauge progress and encourage enthusiasm
- Auto Dealers:
 - Work with to ensure PEV and charging infrastructure awareness
 - Partner as much as possible to support their PEV sales, including development of innovative incentive programs
- EVSE Charging Infrastructure:
 - Develop PEV charging infrastructure
 - It may initially require government and/or utility ratepayer support given the current low profitability potential
- Incentives: (Dollars are always nice)
 - Aggressively pursue incentives and grants through a variety of sources (e.g., state, utilities, settlement funds, and foundations) to support the purchase of PEVs and installation of EVSE



Expanding PEV and EVSE Presence: cont'd

- Outreach and Education:
 - Develop website information, social media, advertising, and events
 - Maximize leveraging of existing events (e.g., National Drive Electric Week) to reduce logistical costs
- Clean Cities and EV Everywhere:
 - Coordinate with and leverage the resources of state/local Clean
 Cities Coalitions and EV Everywhere in order to:
 - Augment technical assistance, stakeholder identification and participation, consumer education and outreach
 - Take advantage of incentives with a strong focus on workplace charging
- Cultural and Climatic Factors:
 - Be cognizant of state and local cultural and climatic factors that may positively or negatively impact acceptance of PEVs and establishment of recharging infrastructure



DEV Program Future Plans in 2016

- A new round of consumer/dealer incentives (Dollars are always nice)
 - Greater quantities and at higher incentive levels, to be distributed on an as-needed basis to support more rapid use of available funds
- Continuation of the marketing campaign
 - Placing greater emphasis on search engine optimization techniques to drive "organic" visits to the DEV website
- Utilization of a consumer survey to develop new campaign themes and measure the effectiveness of the distribution channels



