



ASME Treasure Valley Section - Electric Drive Vehicles and Infrastructure Overview

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This presentation does not contain any proprietary or sensitive information

Presentation Outline

- **Idaho National Laboratory (INL) / Advanced Vehicle Testing Activity (AVTA) backgrounds**
- **Comparison of Internal combustion engine (ICE), hybrid electric (HEV), plug-in hybrid electric (PHEV), and battery electric (BEV) vehicle technologies**
- **Grid connected vehicle charging infrastructure and charging levels**
- **INL / AVTA electric drive vehicle testing**
- **American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) – DOE's Transportation Electrification Demonstrations and Educations Programs**
- **DOE's Vehicle Electrification Project Data Collection**
- **OEM Electric Drive Vehicle Deployment Announcements**
- **Acknowledgement and AVTA WWW Address (Test Reports / Fact Sheets)**
- **The northern most Blue Football Field in America**



Idaho National Laboratory

- Eastern Idaho based U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Federal laboratory
- 890 square mile site with 3,600 staff
- Support DOE's strategic goal:
 - Increase U.S. energy security and reduce the nation's dependence on foreign oil
- Multi-program DOE laboratory
 - Nuclear Energy
 - Fossil, Biomass, Wind, Geothermal and Hydropower Energy
 - Advanced Vehicles and Battery Development
 - Energy Critical Infrastructure Protection



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AVTA Description

- Advanced Vehicle Testing Activity (AVTA) is conducted by INL for DOE's Vehicle Technologies Program
- AVTA tests light-duty vehicles, battery subsystems, and fueling infrastructures that employ / support:
 - 100% Electric and dual-fuel electric drive systems
 - Advanced energy storage systems
 - Some ICE 100% Hydrogen and HCNG blended fuels
 - Advanced control systems (i.e., start/stop HEVs)
- Provide benchmarked vehicle and infrastructure testing results to R&D programs, modelers, OEMs, battery manufacturers, and target/goal setters (DOE)
- Assist early adaptor fleet managers and the general public in making informed vehicle purchase, deployment and operating decisions
- Presentations to industry groups, including via Clean Cities' sponsored webinars and symposiums



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Comparison of Vehicle Technologies



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Comparison of Vehicle Technology

- Conventional vehicle with internal combustion engine (ICE) only



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Comparison of Vehicle Technology

- Hybrid Electric Vehicle (HEV) with ICE and electric drive
- Does not plug in to electric grid



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Comparison of Vehicle Technology

- Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV) with ICE and electric drive



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Comparison of Vehicle Technology

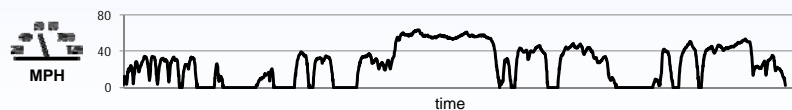
- Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV) with electric drive only



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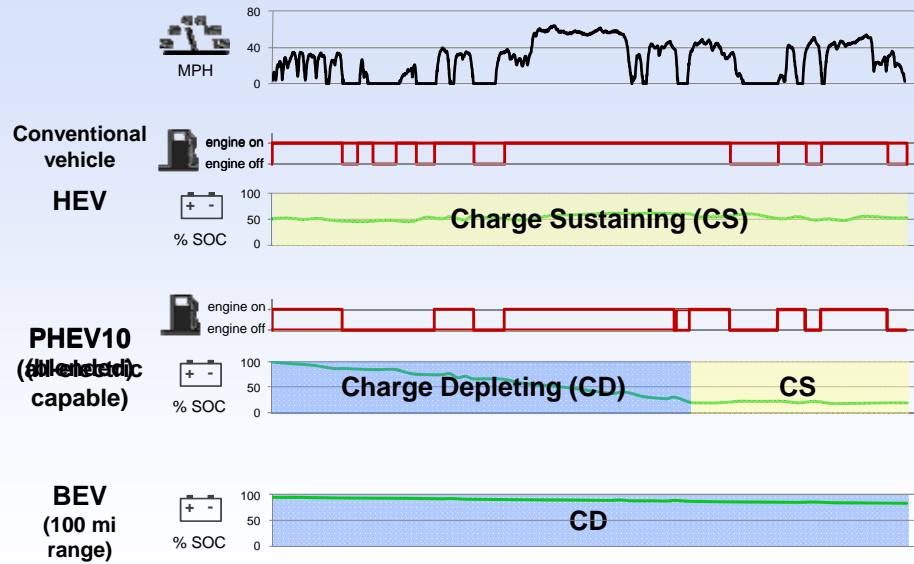
Conceptual Comparison of Vehicle Operation

- Hypothetical 15 mile drive cycle



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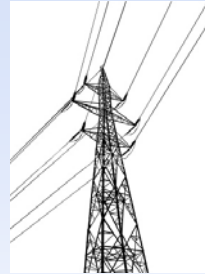
Conceptual Comparison of Vehicle Operation



Grid Connected Vehicle Charging Infrastructure Overview

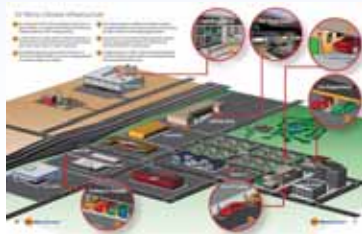
Vehicle Electrification: Grid Impacts

- In the U.S., current grid capacity could supply electricity for 70% of our vehicles without adding capacity, but assumes:
 - Vehicles would only charge off-peak
 - “Perfect” distribution of electricity
 - No local impacts such as overburdening neighborhood transformers
- EVs and PHEVs will not cause a grid “meltdown” but we clearly need to work fast to reduce vehicle rollout impacts
- Smart charging will be key to lowering costs and minimizing impacts
- Time of day pricing also important
- Administration Goal: 1 Million Plug-in Vehicles by 2015



Build-out of Charging Infrastructure

- Key today: Home Charging
 - Need to get the cost and installation process right. Currently a significant barrier
- Public Charging
 - Expansive if not well utilized
 - Expansive to fully cover full driving patterns
- Ideally need market pull to determine public infrastructure build-out
 - PHEVs may be key to help initiate market pull for public infrastructure



Innovative Approaches

- Battery swapping
 - Requires OEM buy-in
- Fast Charging (becoming less innovative)
- Innovative Financing
- Secondary use of batteries
 - Utility ancillary services
 - Bulk energy storage
 - Present value
- Vehicle to Grid (V2G)



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Level 1 Charging Level

- This method allows broad access to charge an EV or PHEV by plugging into the most common grounded electrical outlet in the U.S.
- AC energy transfer to onboard charger
- Typical hardware includes portable cord set that must utilize a vehicle connector UL approved for the purpose, a GFCI, and otherwise meet NEC 625 requirements and SAE standards, including the J1772 connector:
 - Separate circuit
 - Standard 120V/15A or 20A
 - Current 12 amps or 16 amps (80% of amp breaker)
 - Power 1.44 kW
- Charge Times (general approximation)
 - Battery EV 14 hours (20 kWh battery) to 39 hours (56 kWh battery)
 - PHEV 3 to 8 hours
 - NEV 9 to 13 hours



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Level 2 Charging Level

- Expected to be most common method for residential and commercial charging
- EVSE (electric vehicle supply equipment) for AC energy transfer to onboard charger
- Permanently attached wall box, GFCI, some vehicle communication, UL approved, NEC 625 requirements and SAE standards, including J1772 connector:
 - 240V single phase up to 100A
 - Current up to 80A (80% of amp breaker)
 - Power up to 19.2 kW
 - 3.3 kW or 6.6 kW more typical initially
- Charge Times (general approximation)
 - 20 kWh Battery EV 3 hours (at 6.6 kW) to 56 kWh battery in 8.5 hours (at 6.6k kW)
 - PHEV 3 to 8 hours
 - NEV 9 to 13 hours



Level 3 Charging Level

- This charge level is NOT “FAST Charge” as currently used
- Typically would be 480VAC energy transfer to an onboard charger
- Current up to 400 amps
- Typically 60 kW to 120 kW, but can be up to 200 kW
- HOWEVER, no light-duty original equipment vehicle manufacturer plans to use onboard chargers at these energy levels

Fast Charging

- Expected to be used in an intercity grid pattern or along travel routes between cities in commercial settings
- Off-board charger (high cost, large volume and weight)
- Used for DC energy transfer to vehicle
- Requires most charger-to-vehicle communication and control
- No current U.S. SAE standard connector, however, U.S. fast chargers are using Japanese TEPCO (Tokyo Electric Power Company) connector per CHAdeMO protocol
- Up to 500VDC and 125A. 60 kW likely
- Charge Times are dependant on battery size
 - BEV intent is 50% recharge in 15 minutes and 80% recharge in 30 minutes
 - Charge times dependant on charger / battery relative sizing
 - Generally not used for PHEVs and NEVs due to small relative battery sizes



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INL / AVTA Electric Drive Vehicle Testing



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AVTA Vehicle Testing Approach

- Depending on vehicle technology and capabilities, vehicles are tested via:
 - Closed test tracks
 - Dynamometer testing
 - Laboratory testing (batteries)
 - Accelerated testing, using dedicated drivers and other methods to accumulate miles and cycles
 - Fleet testing, uses unstructured vehicle utilization
 - Different testing methods are used to balance testing control/repeatability, sample size, and costs
- Current INL staff has used onboard data loggers to document vehicle and charging operations since 1993
- Publish testing results in relevant ways to accurately
 - Document real-world petroleum reduction potentials
 - Document fuel and infrastructure use
 - Document life-cycle risks and costs



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Testing by Vehicle Technology

- Plug-in hybrid electric vehicles (PHEVs)
 - 12 models, 259 vehicles, 3 million test miles
- Hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs)
 - 22 models, 56 vehicles, 5+ million test miles
- Neighborhood electric vehicles (NEVs)
 - 23 models, 200,000 test miles
- Hydrogen internal combustion engine (HICE) vehicles
 - 7 models, 500,000 test miles
- Full-size battery electric vehicles (BEVs)
 - 41 EV models, 5+ million test miles
- Urban electric vehicles (UEVs)
 - 3 models, 1 million test miles
- 15 million test miles have been accumulated on 1,600 electric drive vehicles representing 107 different electric drive models



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PHEV Testing To Date

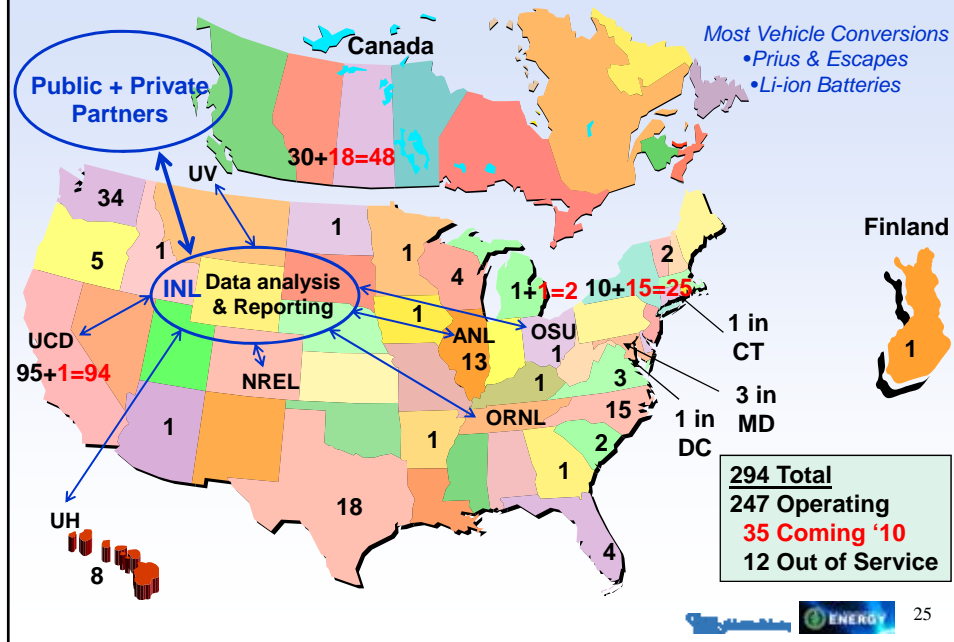


- 12 PHEV models tested to date
 - Hymotion Prius (A123 Systems)
 - Hymotion Escape (A123 Systems)
 - Ford E85 Escape (Johnson Controls/Saft)
 - EnergyCS Prius, 2 models (Valance and Altair Nano)
 - ElectroVaya Escape (Electrovaya) - done
 - Hybrids Plus Escape, 2 models (Hybrids Plus and K2 Energy Solutions)
 - Hybrids Plus Prius (Hybrids Plus)
 - Manzanita Prius (lead acid and Thunder Sky)
 - Renault Kangoo (Saft NiCad) - done
(Lithium unless noted)
- Testing focus is on the PHEV technology concept and batteries, and driver and environmental impacts on fuel efficiencies and charging rates, not on individual PHEV conversions

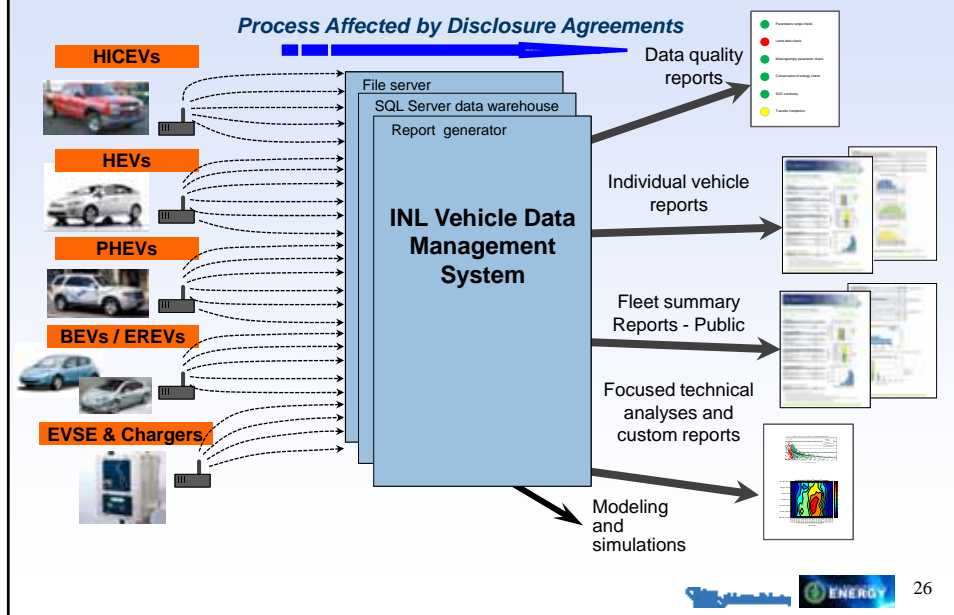
PHEV Testing Partners

- 259 PHEVs in 26 states, Canada and Finland, 3 million miles - AVTA only purchased 2 PHEVs and conducted 12 conversions. Highly leveraged testing activity
- 93 PHEV testing partners include:
 - 38 Electric utilities
 - 10 County governments
 - 4 State governments
 - 10 Canadian government groups
 - 3 Sea ports and military bases
 - 2 PHEV conversion companies
 - 5 Private companies and advocacy organizations
 - 9 City governments
 - 10 Universities
 - 2 Clean Air Agencies
- 3,000+ automated monthly 3-page summary reports have been generated and disseminated to testing partners

Current PHEV Conversion Demonstrations



Vehicle Data Management Process



Vehicle and Infrastructure Data Sources

Vehicle time-history data (second-by-second)	HEV: 12 vehicle models, 1 data logger
	HICE: 1 vehicle model, 1 data logger
	Conversion PHEVs: 8 vehicle models, 3 data loggers
	Ford Escape PHEV, Ford wireless logger
Vehicle event data (key-on, key-off)	Chrysler Ram PHEV, Chrysler wireless logger
	Nissan Leaf, Nissan telematics
	Chevrolet Volt, OnStar telematics
Charger event and 15 min time-history data	ECotality Blink networked level 2 EVSE, DC/fast chargers
	Coulomb ChargePoint networked level 2 EVSE

Managing 26 different data models



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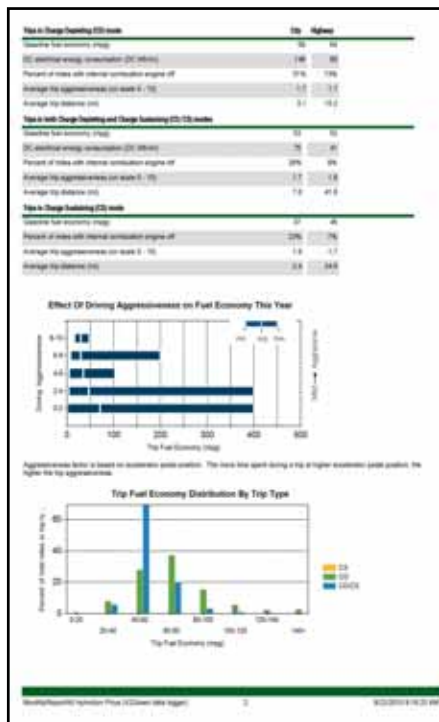


PHEV 3-Page Report

- Reports 2 million Hymotion Prius test miles and 211,000 trips
- Report by charge mode:
 - Charge depleting (CD)
 - Charge sustaining (CS)
 - Mixed (CD/CS)
- All trips, 48 mpg, 58 AC Wh/mi & 37 DC Wh/mi
- CD, 60 mpg & 121 DC Wh/mi
- CD/CS, 53 mpg & 46 DC Wh/mi
- CS, 43 mpg

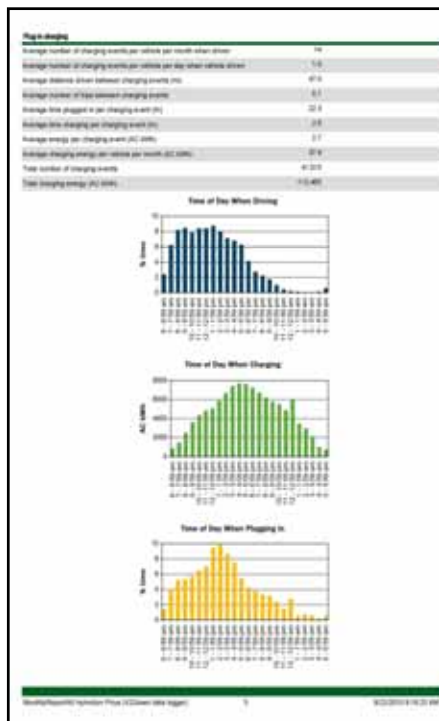


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PHEV 3-Page Report

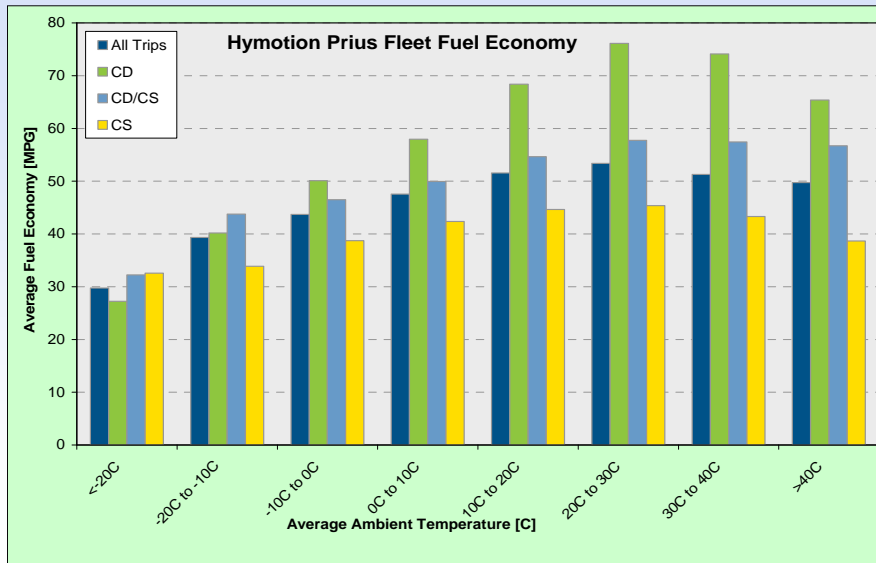
- Report fuel use by highway/city cycles and driver style
- CD city, 58 mpg, 146 DC Wh/mi
- CD highway, 64 mpg, 90 DC Wh/mi
- CS city, 37 mpg
- CS highway, 45 mpg
- Less aggressive driving (0 to 20%) averages ~70 mpg
 - (Aggressiveness = accelerator pedal position)



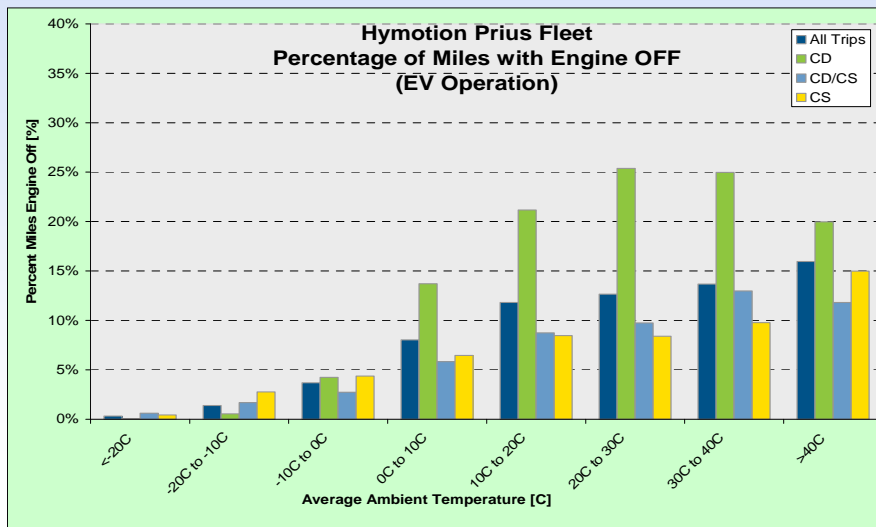
PHEV 3-Page Report

- Report charging stats, time of day driving, and charging profiles
- Average 1 charging event per day when PHEV driven
- 47 miles between charge events
- 5.1 trips between charge events
- 2.8 hours per charge
- 22.3 hours time plugged in per charge
- 2.7 AC kWh per charge event

PHEV Ambient Temperature MPG Impacts

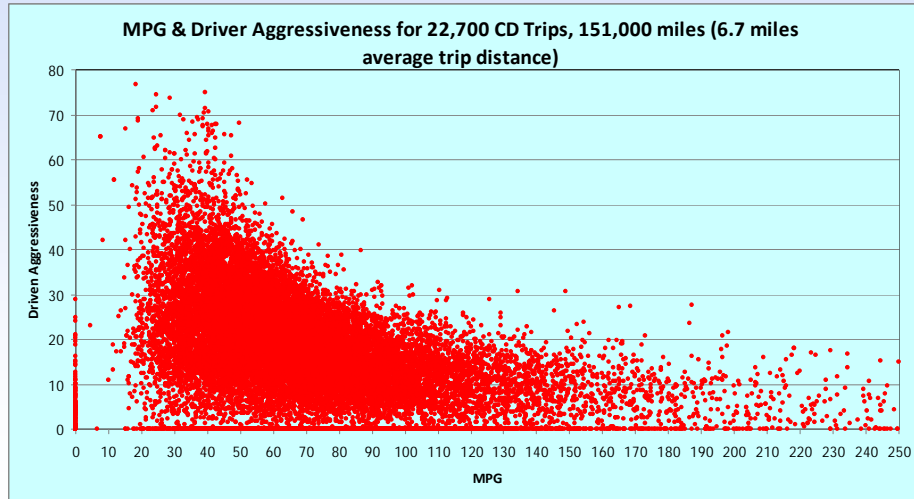


Engine Operation is a Main Factor for PHEV Fuel Economy Changes



Hymotion Prius PHEVs – CD Trips

- MPG and aggressive driving impacts March '08 – May '09

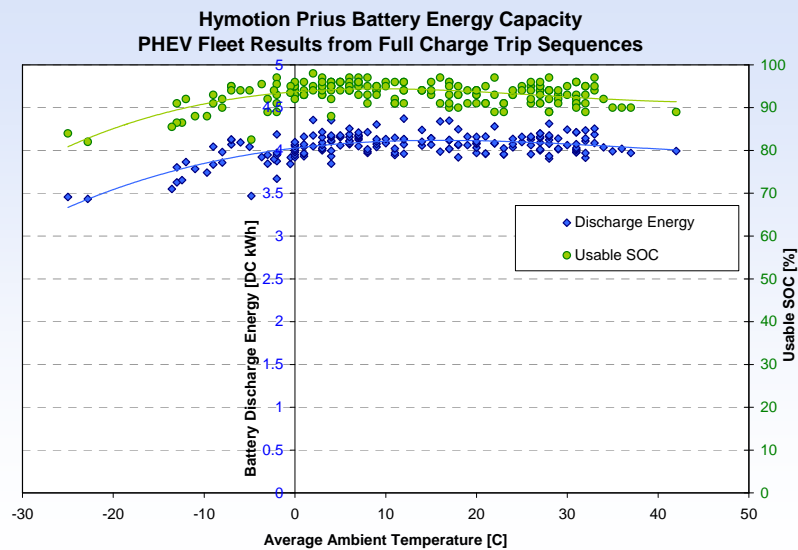


Data from 150 Hymotion Prius with V2Green and Kvaser loggers



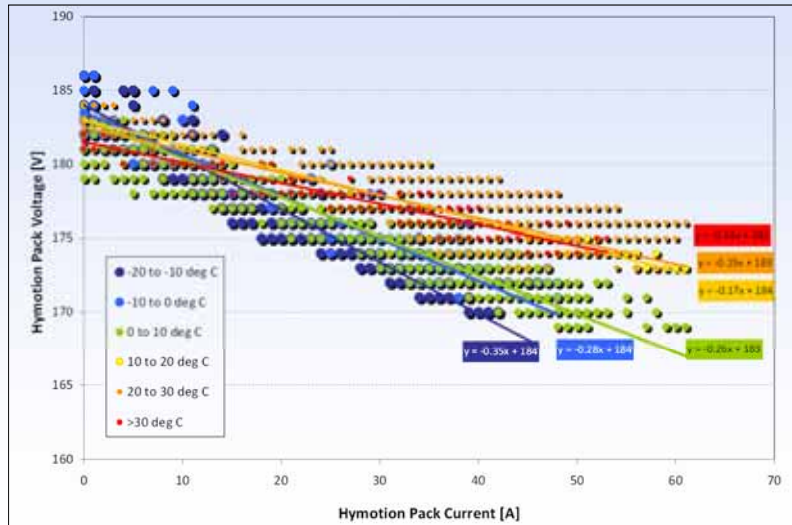
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Usable Battery Capacity is Slightly Effectuated by Temperature

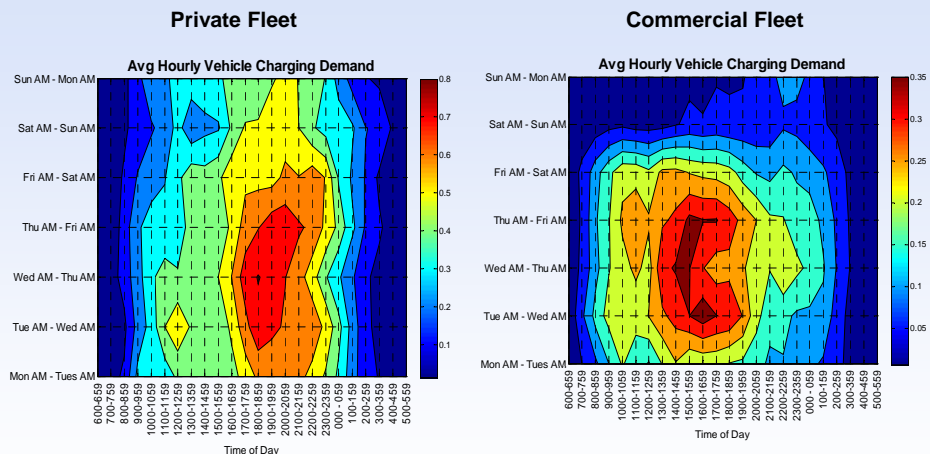


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Hymotion Li-Ion Battery Internal Resistance Change with Temperature



Commercial / Private Fleet Charge Demand

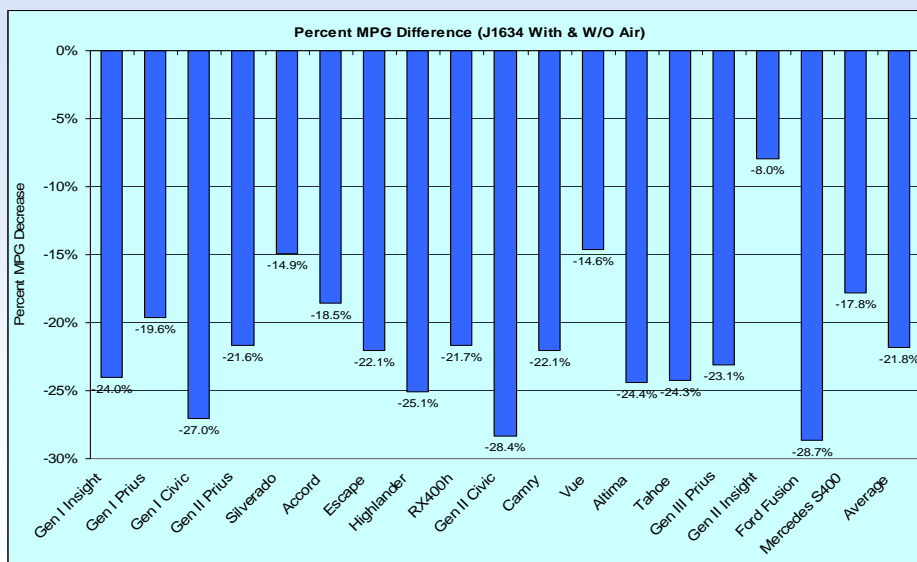


HEV Testing



- 5 million total HEV testing miles
- 22 HEV models and 56 HEVs tested to date:
 - 6, 2001 Honda Insight
 - 6, 2002 Gen I Toyota Prius
 - 4, 2003 Gen I Honda Civic
 - 2, 2004 Chevrolet Silverado
 - 2, 2004 Gen II Toyota Prius
 - 2, 2005 Ford Escape
 - 2, 2005 Honda Accord
 - 3, 2006 Lexus RX 400h
 - 2, 2006 Toyota Highlander
 - 2, 2006 Gen II Honda Civic
 - 2, 2007 Saturn Vue
 - 2, 2007 Toyota Camry
 - 2, 2008 Nissan Altima
 - 2, 2008 GM 2-mode Tahoe
 - 2, 2010 Ford Fusion
 - 2, 2010 Toyota Prius
 - 2, 2010 Honda Insight
 - 2, 2010 Mercedes Benz S400
 - 2, Honda CRZ
 - 3, 2010 Smart Fortwo Pure Coupe
 - 2, 2010 Mazda 3 Hatchback
 - 2, 2010 Volkswagen Gold TDI.
- HEV testing includes beginning and high mileage HEV traction battery testing – HPPC, Static Capacity tests, as well as acceleration and fuel economy tests

HEV Air Conditioning use MPG Impacts



HEV Maintenance Sheets

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY		Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy			
HEV Fleet Testing					
Advanced Vehicle Testing Activity					
Maintenance Sheet for 2007 Nissan Altima					
VIN: 6N1AC12Z627C177962					
Date	Mileage	Description	Cost		
02/23/08	6,329	Changed oil	\$20.41		
02/24/08	6,377	Changed oil	\$20.34		
4/30/08	10,240	Changed oil and filter	\$20.40		
05/07/08	10,487	Changed oil and filter	\$20.29		
07/01/08	10,637	Changed oil and filter	\$20.40		
07/01/08	10,742	Changed oil and filter, replaced air filter and checked air filter, exchanged coolant, fluid of circulating coolant, and checked tire	\$216.46		
07/02/08	10,756	Changed oil and filter	\$20.40		
07/02/08	10,767	Changed oil and filter	\$20.41		
07/02/08	10,806	Changed oil and filter, exchanged coolant, replaced valve on filter, and performed a life prediction assessment package	\$496.46		
08/13/08	10,905	Changed oil and filter	\$20.40		
11/07/08	15,140	Changed oil and replaced, balanced, and aligned tires front axle	\$207.23		
11/07/08	15,176	Changed oil and filter	\$20.40		
12/04/08	16,468	Changed oil and filter and replaced tires	\$201.46		
12/04/08	16,500	Changed oil and filter	\$20.40		
01/27/09	16,740	Changed oil and air filter and replaced tires both	\$203.24		
02/02/09	17,133	Changed oil and filter, replaced alternator belt and replaced engine fan belt	\$120.36		
04/01/09	173,476	Changed oil and filter, replaced front and rear brake pads and drums, and replaced engine mounts	\$344.36		
05/01/09	173,610	Changed oil and filter and replaced air filter	\$90.24		
07/01/09	173,650	Changed oil and filter and checked and balanced tires both	\$101.24		
07/01/09	183,117	Changed oil and filter	\$40.23		
07/01/09	183,600	Changed oil and filter	\$40.23		
12/04/09	194,896	Replaced and balanced tires both	\$220.23		



**2006 Toyota
Highlander Hybrid**

**Final Fleet
Testing Results**

Operating Statistics

Number of Vehicles Tested: 3

Distance Driven: 267,852 mi

Average Trip Distance*: 15.6 mi

Stop Time with Engine Idling*: 23%

Top Trip City/Highway*: 74%/20%

Operating Performance

Cumulative MPG*: 24.8

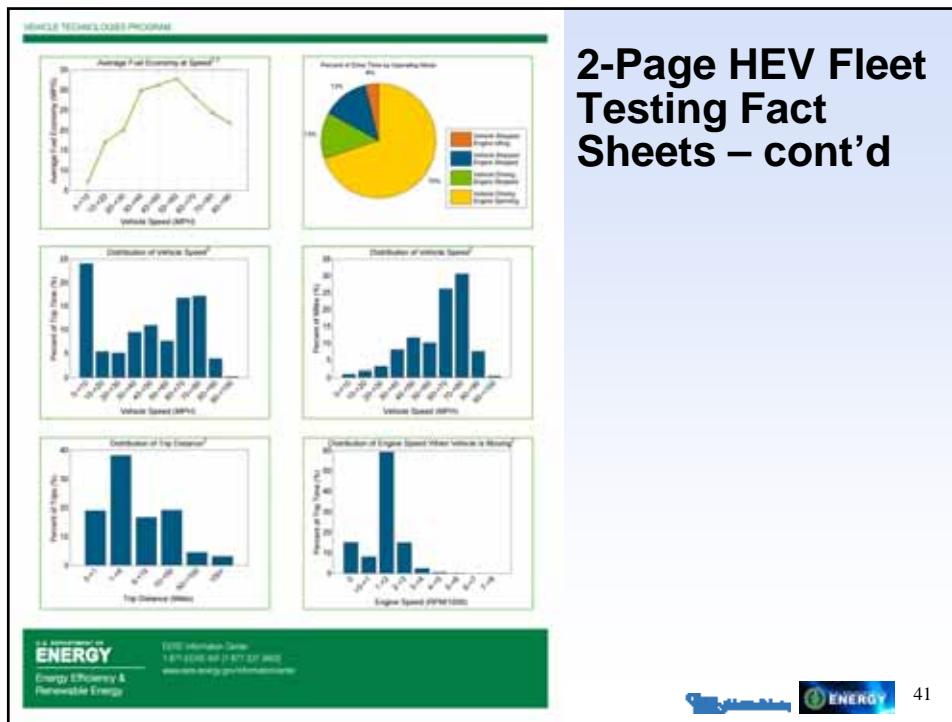
See HEV America Baseline Performance and Fleet Testing Fuel Economy fact sheets for more information on vehicle specifications and test-cycle weighting available at <http://edp.ca.gov>

Test Notes

1. Calculated over the life of the vehicle based on odometer-reading and fuel type. More information available in Fleet Testing Fuel Economy analysis.
2. Calculated from electronic data logged over a subset of total miles. Inferred equal to 115,938 miles.
3. Fuel economy calculated for those test cycles when the flow meter was running.



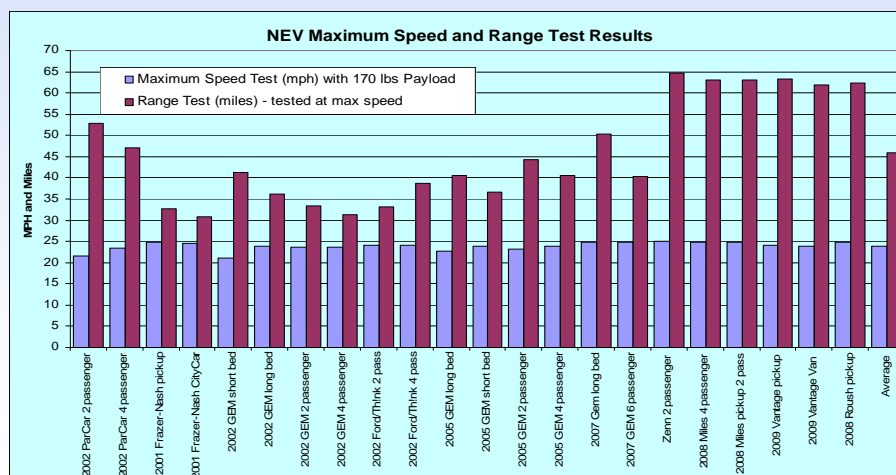
2-Page HEV Fleet Testing Fact Sheets



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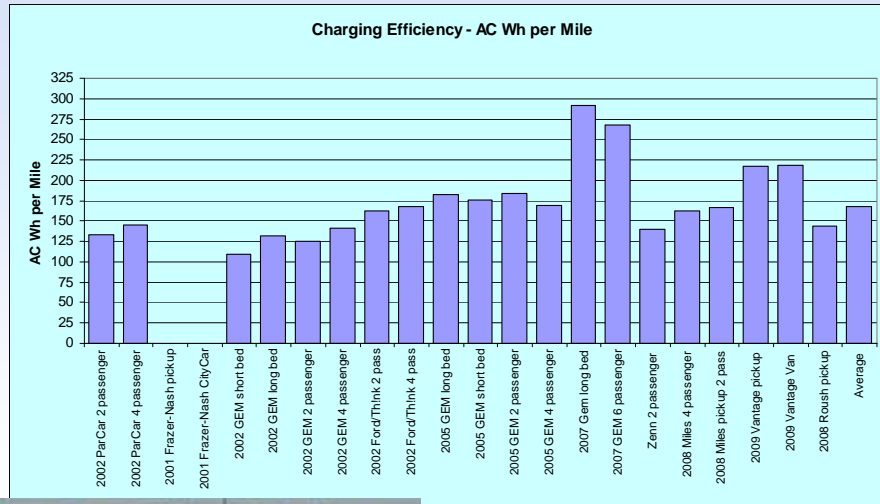
NEV Testing

- CARB requires all NEVs be tested by AVTA to be eligible for incremental funding – 25 models tested to date



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AVTA NEV Testing – cont'd



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American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) – DOE's Transportation Electrification Demonstrations and Educations Programs



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American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA)

- \$2 Billion in DOE grants to establish advanced battery, power electronics and motors manufacturing
- \$400 Million for Transportation Electrification Demonstration, Infrastructure, and Education
 - 8 Awards totaling over \$360M for grid-connected vehicle and infrastructure demonstrations
 - 13,000 vehicles from 9 OEMs and over 22,000 charging stations will be deployed across America
 - Vehicle performance and grid impact data will be gathered and analyzed to support the development of vehicle technologies and grid infrastructure
 - 10 Grants totaling \$39M - establish comprehensive educational and outreach programs to educate first responders and emergency personnel for dealing with EV and PHEV accidents
 - Also, public outreach



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Transportation Electrification Demonstration Activities

Electric Transportation Engineering Corporation - AWARD: \$114.8M

- Demonstration of 5,700 Nissan Leaf EVs and 2,600 Chevy Volt EREVs
- Deployment of 15,000 Level 2 electric vehicle supply equipment (EVSE) charging Stations (EVSE) and 300 fast chargers, in 16 metropolitan areas
- Full instrumentation of vehicles and infrastructure for comprehensive data-collection and analysis effort



Chrysler, LLC - AWARD: \$48M

- Development, validation, and deployment of 140 PHEV Dodge Ram pickups
- Deployment of vehicles through 11 partner fleets across a wide range of geographic, climatic, and operating environments



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Transportation Electrification Demonstration Activities (cont'd)

South Coast Air Quality Management District - AWARD: \$45.4

- Development of a fully integrated production PHEV system for Class 2-5 vehicles (8,501-19,500 lbs GVWR).
- Demonstration of 378 trucks and shuttle buses through network of partner fleets
- SCAQMD based in Diamond Bar, CA; Manufactured in Galesburg, MI, and Elizabethtown, KY



Coulomb Technologies - AWARD: \$15M

- Deployment of approximately 4,000 public and private charging stations in up to 9 U.S. Cities
- Locations will be coordinated with OEM deployment of 400 grid connected vehicles



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Transportation Electrification Demonstration Activities (cont'd)

Navistar, Inc. - AWARD: \$39.2M

- Develop, validate, deploy 950 advanced Battery Electric delivery trucks (12,100 lbs GVWR) with a 100-mile range
- Manufacturing in Elkhart Co., IN; Deployment in Portland, Chicago, and Sacramento



Cascade Sierra Solutions - AWARD: \$22.2M

- Deployment of truck stop electrification infrastructure at 50 sites along major US interstate corridors
- Provide 5,450 rebates of 25% of the cost for truck modification to incorporate idle reduction technologies



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Transportation Electrification Demonstration Activities (cont'd)

General Motors - AWARD: \$30.5M

- Develop, analyze, and demonstrate 125 Chevy Volt EREVs for electric utilities and 500 Volt EREVs to consumers
- Manufacturing in Detroit, MI; Deployment in conjunction with several utility partners



Smith Electric Vehicle - AWARD: \$32M

- Develop and deploy up to 500 medium-duty electric trucks.
- Manufacturing in Kansas City, MO; Deployment in conjunction with 20 launch partners representing a range of commercial and public sector markets, geographies, and climates



Transportation Electrification Distribution



Transportation Electrification Education Program

Award Recipient	DOE Award	Project Locations	Project Focus
West Virginia University (National Alternative Fuels Training Consortium)	\$6.9M	Morgantown, WV State of South Carolina	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Educational programs for: Graduate, Undergraduate and Secondary Students; Teachers; Technicians; Emergency Responders; General Public •Partnering with: NAFTC Headquarters and members; West Virginia Department of Education; South Carolina Department of Education; Greater New Haven Clean Cities Coalition; Innovation Drive, Inc.; Advanced Vehicle Research Center; Auto Exposure LLC; Big Fish Advertising and Public Relations; MotorWeek; Sabre Engineering; Northeast Utilities
Purdue University	\$6.1M	State of Indiana West Lafayette, IN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Educational programs for: Graduate, Undergraduate and Secondary Students; Teachers; Technicians; General Public •Partnering with: University of Notre Dame; Indiana University Purdue University at Indianapolis (IUPUI); Purdue University – Calumet; Indiana University – Northwest; Ivy Tech Community College
Colorado State University	\$5M	State of Colorado Fort Collins, CO Boulder, CO Atlanta, GA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Educational programs for: Graduate, Undergraduate and Secondary Students; Teachers; Technicians; Emergency Responders; General Public •Partnering with: CSU; Georgia Institute of Technology; Arapahoe Community College; Douglas County School System; Nissan NA; KShare; Ricardo; AM General; Motion Reality, Inc.
Missouri University of Science & Technology	\$5M	Rolla, MO Warrensburg, MO Linn, MO St. Louis, MO Kansas City, MO Lee's Summit, MO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Educational programs for: Graduate, Undergraduate and Secondary Students; Teachers; Technicians; Mechanics; Emergency Responders; General Public •Partnering with: University of Central Missouri; Linn State Technical College; St. Louis Science Center; Smith Electric Vehicles U.S. Corporation (SEV-US); Kokam America Inc.



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Transportation Electrification Education Program (cont'd)

Award Recipient	DOE Award	Project Locations	Project Focus
Wayne State University	\$5M	Detroit, MI Warren, MI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Educational programs for: Graduate, Undergraduate and Secondary Students; Teachers; Technicians; Emergency Responders; General Public •Partnering with: NextEnergy; Macomb Community College
National Fire Protection Association	\$4.4M	Quincy, MA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Educational programs for: Emergency Responders •Partnering with: Fire Protection Research Foundation; Automotive Alliance; NREL
Michigan Technological University	\$2.98M	Houghton, MI (Western Upper Peninsula of MI)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Educational programs for: Graduate, Undergraduate and Secondary Students; General Public •Partnering with: Argonne National Laboratory; AVL; GM; Eaton; Horiba; MathWorks; Schweitzer Engineering Laboratories; Woodward
University of Michigan	\$2.5M	Detroit, MI Ann Arbor, MI Dearborn, MI Flint, MI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Educational programs for: Graduate, Undergraduate and Secondary Students; Teachers; General Public •Partnering with: University of Michigan – Dearborn; Kettering University; Ford; GM; Chrysler; Eaton Corp; DTE Energy; Mentor Graphics; Ballard; Quantum Technologies; A123 Systems
J. Sargeant Reynolds Community College	\$0.72M	Commonwealth of Virginia and Neighboring Mid-Atlantic States	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Educational programs for: Secondary Students; Technicians •Partnering with: James Madison University; Virginia Department of Education; Ford; GM; Toyota; Firestone/Bridgestone
City College of San Francisco	\$0.5M	San Francisco, CA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Educational programs for: Secondary Students; Service Personnel, Technicians •Partnering with: Chabot College; Central Shops; Pat's Garage; Perfect Sky Inc.



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INL Data Collection Activities in Support of DOE's Vehicle Electrification Project

INL ARRA / TADA Data Collection Support

- INL tasked with data collection, analysis and reporting for five light-duty vehicle and infrastructure deployment projects funded by DOE via ARRA and Technology Acceleration and Demonstration Activity (TADA):
 - EV Project: 8,300 Leaf EVs and Volt EREVs, and 15,300 eTec Level 2 EVSE and fast chargers. All 23,600 pieces of equipment are equipped with data loggers (DLs)
 - 140 Chrysler Ram PHEV Pickups with DLs
 - 125 General Motors EREV Volts with DLs
 - 21 Ford Escape PHEV SUVs with DLs
 - 4,000 Level 2 EVSE deployed by Coulomb with DLs
- Raw data and personal information protected by numerous NDAs (Non Disclosure Agreements) with participant partners

EV Project - Overview

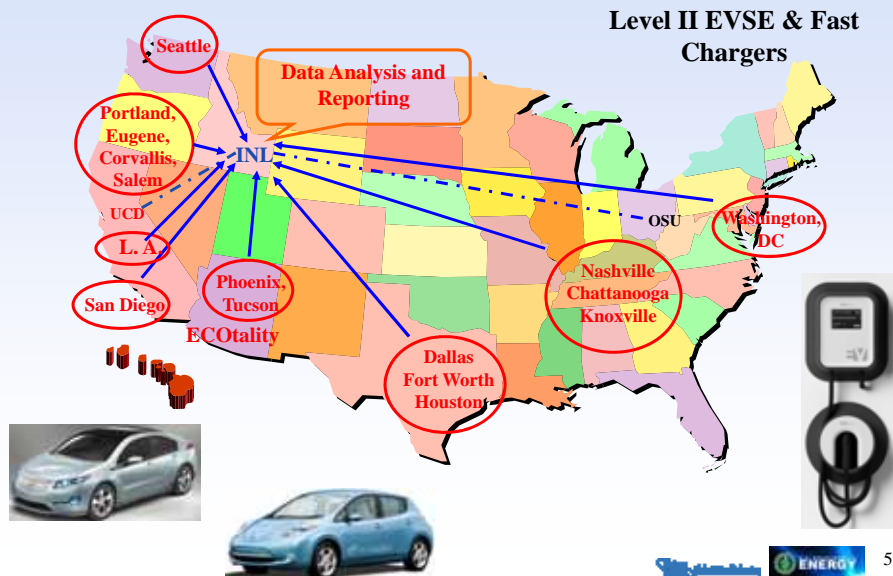


- \$230 million total project funded by a US Department of Energy grant (\$115 million) via the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA)
- Partners cost share match greater than \$115 million
- Lead by Electric Transportation Engineering Corporation (eTec) (renamed Ecotality NA)
- Data will be collected by INL via data streams from eTec (charging infrastructure), and Nissan and General Motors/OnStar (vehicles)
- EV Project purpose is to build and study mature electric vehicle charging infrastructure in eight regions – 16 cities
- Product: Take the lessons learned from the deployment of these first 8,300 EVs and the 15,300 charging infrastructure units supporting them, to enable the streamlined deployment of the next 5,000,000 EVs



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EV Project Partner Locations



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EV Project - Infrastructure Data Collected per Charge Event

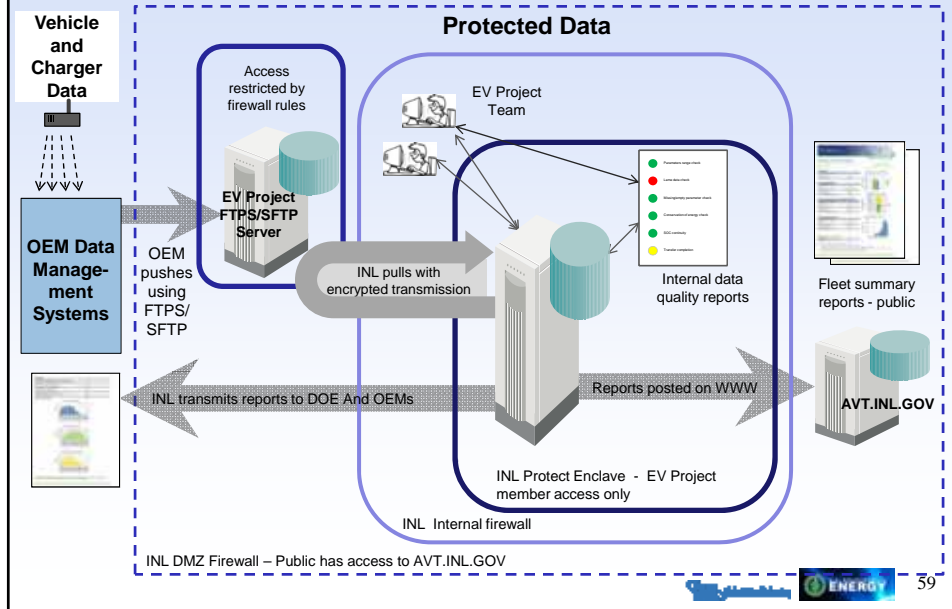
- Date/Time Stamp
- Unique ID for Charging Event
- Unique ID Identifying the EVSE – may not change
- Connect and Disconnect Times (plugged in and out)
- Start and End Charge Times
- Max Instantaneous Peak Power
- Average Power
- Total energy (kWh) per charging event
- Rolling 15 Minute Average Peak Power
- And other non-dynamic EVSE information (GPS, ID, type, contact info, etc.)

EV Project - Vehicle Data Collected per each Start / Stop Event

- Vehicle ID
- Date/Time Stamp
- Event type (key on / key off)
- Odometer
- Battery state of charge
- GPS (longitude and latitude)
- Liquid fuel consumption (some vehicles)
- Recorded for each key-on and key-off event

INL Data Management System - Push

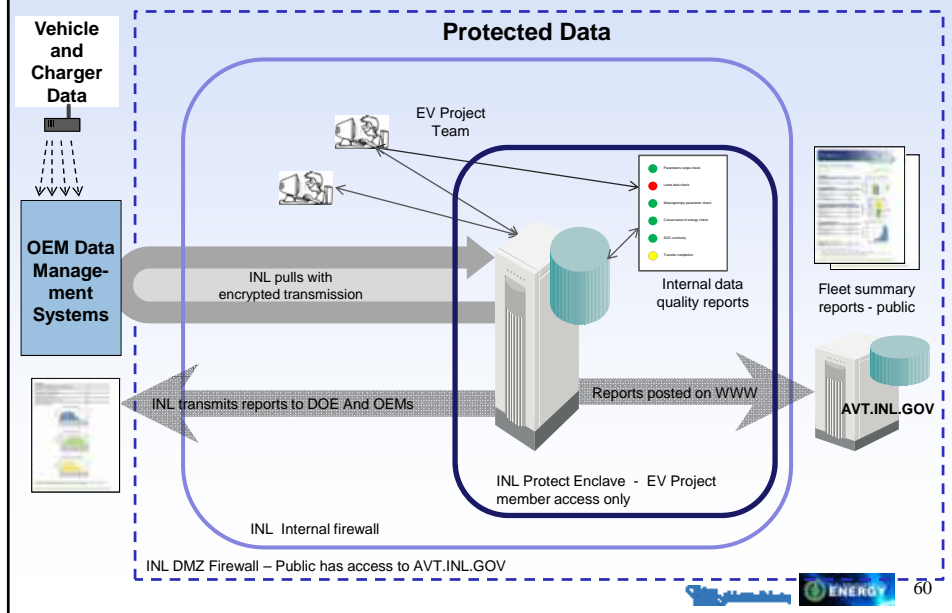
(Nissan, GM, Chrysler, Coulomb)



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INL Data Management System - Pull

(ECotality, Ford, conversion PHEVs, HEVs, HICEs)



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EV Project - Reporting

- INL will analyze and report on the charging infrastructure utilization (Level II EVSE units and fast chargers) by the 8,300 Leaf and Volt drivers
- INL will report on driver/vehicle charging patterns, and charging infrastructure utilization patterns
- Many of the 42+ EV Project partners are electric utilities with high interest in demand / smart charging controls, including multitier time-of-day pricing and micro grid analysis
- Reporting targets include: DOE/governments, OEMs, electric utilities, public, etc.
- Specialty analyses will include micro grid and other variable influences

EV Project - Fact Sheet Reporting

- Driving (by reporting period)
 - Number of trips
 - Distance driven (miles)
 - Average number of trips between charging events
 - Average distance between charging events
- Charging Infrastructure
 - EV Project vehicle charging
 - Number of charging events
 - Percent of all charging events
 - Total time plugged in (hours)
 - Percent of all time plugged in
 - Non-EV Project vehicle charging events
 - Number of charging events
 - Percent of all charging events

EV Project Summary

- Provide feedback on infrastructure deployment decisions
- Reporting can not begin until after November/December 2010 start to vehicle and infrastructure roll-outs, and data analyzed
- Successful grid-connected electric drive vehicle deployment is dependent on successful infrastructure deployment
- Future charging infrastructure deployments must be based on real-world travel and charging patterns
- Goal is to replace internal combustion engine vehicles with grid connected, and infrastructure dependant, electric drive vehicles

Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) Electric Drive Vehicle Deployment Announcements

Some OEM EDV Announcements

- The below announcements and dates come from several sources and may change

Introduction Year	Manufacturer / Model	Battery Technology
2010	Nissan / Leaf	BEV
2010	GM / Volt	EREV
2011	Coda / Coda	BEV
2011	Ford / Focus	BEV
2011	Ford / Transit (Van)	BEV
2011	BYD / e6	BEV
2011	Fisker / Karma	BEV
2011	Mitsubishi / i-MiEV	BEV

BEV – Battery Electric Vehicle
 EREV – Extended Range Electric Vehicle
 PHEV – Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle
 EDV – Electric Drive Vehicle



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Some OEM EDV Announcements – con'td

- The below announcements and dates come from several sources and may change

Introduction Year	Manufacturer / Model	Battery Technology
2012	Smart / FORTWO	BEV
2012	Toyota / IQ-Based	BEV
2012	Tesla / S	BEV
2012	Toyota / Prius	PHEV
2012	Toyota-Tesla / RAV4	BEV
2012	Chrysler-Fiat / 500	BEV
2013	BMW / MegaCity	BEV
2013	Volkswagen / Eup	BEV

There have been another 50+ electric drive vehicle announcements beyond 2010 from Audi to Volvo



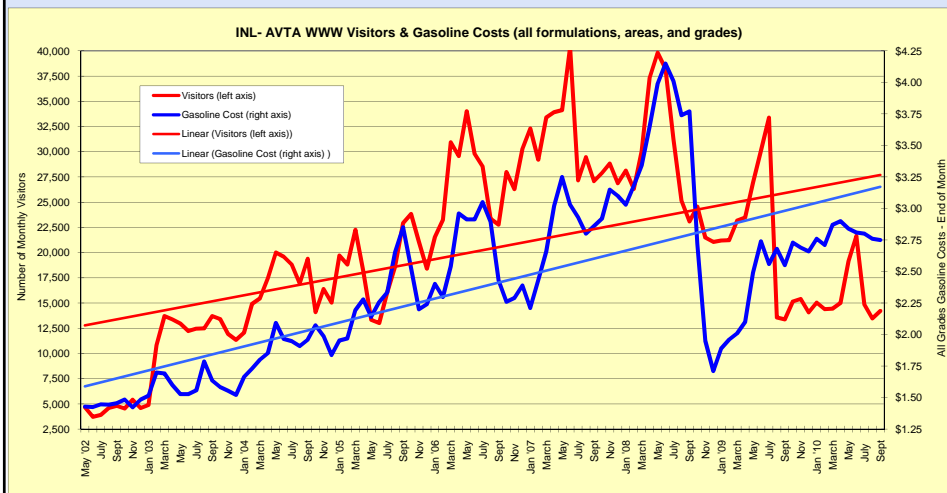
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Other INL Data Collection Projects

- Data collection for Ford's PHEV SUVs and Chrysler Ram Pickups include 25+ onboard parameters, such as charging and driving profiles, and vehicle performance; collected via the CAN and data loggers
- Other OEM vehicles may be added to EV Project
- Five USPS electric long life vehicle (ELLV) conversions
 - ELLVs required five customized onboard data loggers
 - Testing to USPS and AVTA test procedures and cycles
- Development of vehicle-based battery test-bed mule



AVTA Summary – WWW Visitors



The Other Blue Turf - Barrow, Alaska High School Football – Home of the “Whalers”



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Arctic Ocean in the Background (08/01/10)



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Acknowledgement and AVTA WWW Address

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**Additional AVTA Information, Reports, and Fact Sheets @
<http://avt.inl.gov>**

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